Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 11—Seventh Year. VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, JUNE 9, 1890. No. 311

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS of To Let, Wanted, Etc., under these heads, four lines or under 25 cents for each insertion; and 20c extra for more space or longer time.

WANTED—Young gentleman wants a single room with board within 10 minutes walk from Post Office. Apply A. B. C. TIMES office. jn9-3t

WANTED—A candy maker. Apply to W. J. Pipkins 125 Douglas St opposite City Hall. j7-1w

WANTED—Good female cook required for Kokotish. Apply Room 49 Clarence Hotel. j7-3t

WANTED—Strong errand boy. Apply T. B. Pemberton & Co., Yates street. jn6-4t

REQUIRED—A competent accountant accustomed to the routine of a merchant's office. Apply by letter stating age, experience and references to A. B. C., TIMES office, city. jn6-6t

WANTED—A young gentleman desires instruction on the cornet. Address stating terms, etc., C. A. G., P. O. Box 262. jn6-1w

WANTED—Immediately, complete course of instruction in book keeping, double entry. Terms, etc., by addressing C., office of this paper. jn6-4t

WANTED—A girl to do general housework. Apply to Mrs. Earle, 131 Fort street. j4tw

WANTED—A good general servant. Apply at 39 Superior street. m30

WANTED—A tinsmith with capital as partner in a well established store business. Apply A. G., TIMES office. ap21tf

TO LET.

TO LET—Furnished front room to 1 or 2 gentlemen. 30 Chatham street. jy7-4t

TO RENT—A furnished house with 7 rooms on Fort street. Apply to Mr. Page, 63 Government street. jn7-1w

TO LET—An eight room house, hard finished, with 4 acres of land, use of a cow included. Apply to M. Morrissey, Cedar Hill Road. j5-4t

TO LET—Several large rooms. Apply 103 Government street. ap26-tf

TO LET—After July 1st, the handsome residence Maplehurst, 133 Blanchard street, unfurnished. Apply C. W. Rhodes. ap18-tf

TO LET—New four roomed house to let and furniture for sale. Furniture in use only four months. Its Foster, No. 2 Churchway. j16

FOR SALE.

FIRST CLASS STORE—On Douglas street. 5 years lease, for sale. Apply Richardson, Heathers & Jones. jn9-1w

FOR SALE—A repair shop business, carpenter, blacksmith and horseshoeing tools, suitable for father wringer. Will instruct purchaser how to put on new rolls. H. Findley 14 Yates St. j7-1m

RESTAURANT AND BAKERY FOR SALE. The undersigned having decided to retire from business offer their well established and profitable restaurant for sale. This offer is a rare chance for anyone seeking to purchase a good paying business which has been established for over 18 years. STEITZ BROS. j31m

FOR SALE—Julius Barron, 105 Yates street offers for sale all his store fixtures, tools, machinery, steam engine, stock and selling vans. Store to let. Apply at premises jun3.tf

FOR SALE—A six roomed brick house with cellar, situated on Chatham street, near Fernwood Road, City water laid on the premises, lot 30x145, fenced in. All conveniences, wooshed, brick ash pit, cesspit, etc. For further particulars apply to J. O. Brown on the on the premises. jun2-1w

FOR SALE—New and convenient cottage nicely situated near tramway, James Bay, $1,000. Crease McGregor and Boggs. my22

FOR SALE—Lot Victoria West $300, $50 cash balance $20 a month. Crease, McGregor and Boggs. jun3

FOR SALE—House and lot Spring Ridge, $1000, rents $18 a month. Crease, McGregor and Boggs. jn3

FOR SALE—A well situated lot 50x120, $775 $50 cash balance to suit. Crease, McGregor and Boggs. jn3

FOR SALE—Close to Park 30x130 to alley, $800. Crease, McGregor and Boggs. jn3

FOR SALE—The largest list of Victoria property on the market. Crease, McGregor and Boggs. jn3

FOR SALE—Lease of 200 acres sheep range and cattle with good house and barns. Apply Van Volkenburgh, Victoria. jun2-tf

FOR SALE—Victoria District, 400 acres capital land cultivated, good water, close on projected road, car line $100 per acre, a bargain. Apply A. Toller, 16 Broad street. m29

FOR SALE—The land known as Stromness Farm, containing 200 acres, more or less. Also large dwelling house and farm buildings. This property is about 20 minutes drive from the city, has a frontage to the waters of the Victoria Arm; and is most desirable as a situation for a gentleman's residence. For further particulars apply to Miss Deas, Victoria, B. C. my27-4m

FOR SALE—Acres all under cultivation, on water main, $100, 1 cash. Crease, McGregor & Boggs. may22

FOR SALE—House and 11 lots, water front, Victoria West, $3000. Crease, McGregor and Boggs. may22

FOR SALE—Slats corner South Turner and Niagara streets, $1800. Crease, McGregor and Boggs. may22

FOR SALE—Water front corner on Inner Harbor, $4800. Crease, McGregor and Boggs.

FOR SALE—Corner lot fronting on Beacon Hill Park, $3300. Crease, McGregor and Boggs. may22

FOR SALE—Lot Leighton road, $350. Crease, McGregor and Boggs. may22

FOR SALE—Farming land at Alberni from $5.00 per acre. Crease McGregor & Boggs. may22

FOR SALE—A double lot 60x120 feet fronting on Dallas Road. This is the most desirable residential lot on the market, perfectly situated and is offered at reasonable terms and $200 below the market price, $1800. Crease, McGregor and Boggs. may22

GENTLEMAN'S RESIDENCE IN VICTORIA, with ample grounds and many acres attached. Five minutes walk from the Post Office. Frontage on three streets and the harbor. Substantial dwelling house, with moderate-sized, lofty, sunny rooms, several bedrooms, bathroom, frost-proof cellar, and usual out-buildings. House and grounds thoroughly drained with brick and tiles. Large lawn, choice shrubs, flowers, and fruit in great variety and perfect condition. Bonkester, Architect, P.O. box 422, Victoria. my3-1m

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. LESLIE—Reveals the past and unfolds the future. Important advice on business matters. Hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Rooms 2 Vancouver Lodgings, 42 Yates street. j6-1m

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—On Saturday evening a brooch. The finder will be rewarded by returning the same to Miss Logan, 12 Caledonia Avenue, Victoria. jn9-1t

LOST—By S. G. J. Browne, a small white boat. Finder will be suitably rewarded on reporting to the builder, T. C. Jones, at the boat house. jn7-1w

CIVIL ENGINEERS, Etc.

C. W. BUSK,
Assoc. M. Inst. C.E., M. Can. Soc. C.E.
MINING AND GENERAL SURVEYOR AND CIVIL ENGINEER.
Plans and estimates furnished, reports prepared, works undertaken, and contracts superintended for all kinds of Engineering or Surveying work in the south part of the West Kootenay District.
Address P. O. Box 248, Victoria, B. C., or Nelson, Kootenay Lake, B. C. ja29

G. HARGREAVES,
CIVIL ENGINEER, LAND SURVEYOR AND ARCHITECT.
Plans, specifications and estimates furnished for buildings. S. E. corner of Government and Fort streets, upstairs, Victoria, B. C.

GRAY & DEVEREUX,
CIVIL ENGINEERS
And Railway, Land and Mine Surveyors. Plans, specifications and estimates of structures and excavations prepared for contractors. Surveys taken by contract in all parts of the province and Washington. Timber limits located. Office—Room "C," White House (upstairs), Government street. P.O. Box 338. Branch office in Seattle. feb6 dm

QUEEN'S MARKET,
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

JOHN J. AUSTIN,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street, Victoria. P.O. Box 35.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND FITTERS.
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Stoves set complete as seven rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 126.

BANKERS.

GARESCHE, GREEN & CO.
BANKERS,
Government street, Victoria, B. C. Interest paid on the same on time deposits. Gold dust and U. S. currency purchased at highest market rates. Sight Drafts and Telegraph Transfers to San Francisco, New York and Canada. Exchange on London, available in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland. Letters of Credit issued on the principal cities of the United States, Canada and Europe. Agents for Wells, Fargo & Co.

PHYSICIANS.

HOMŒPATHIC REMOVAL.
DR. J. HALL
Will leave his rooms on Pandora street on Monday, December 2nd, for the new brick block corner of Yates and Douglas streets, where he may be consulted at the usual hours, from 1 to 4 p.m., excepting Sundays and holidays. nov27

J. K. GARROW, M. D.
(Lately attending Guy's Hospital, London, and Royal Infirmary, Edinburgh.) Specialties: Diseases of Women and Children and Chronic Diseases. Office and residence, corner of Douglas and Pandora streets, directly opposite City Hall. Office hours—9 to 11 a.m., 1 to 3, and 7 to 8:30 p.m. Calls in city or country promptly attended to. nov9-3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

HELP—The employers of labor will find it to their advantage to call on us, at the White Labor Employment Bureau, 34 Yates street, Victoria, when reliable help is required. Also Candies, Cigars, Fruits, etc. BINGHAM & REYNARD. jun4-3m

R. S. McMICKING,
16 TROUNCE AVENUE.
Supplies electric house bells, and annunciators in any quantity and style. No residence or hotel complete without them. my30-1m

SURVEYING PARTIES, fully equipped, and in charge of competent chiefs, furnished on short notice. Draughting, mapping and blue printing. MILLER & GOING, Box 286, Port Townsend. ap26tf

ARCHITECTS.

P. R. DONOVAN,
ARCHITECT.
Office, Croft & Norris Block, Douglas street. Plans and specifications furnished on the shortest notice. ap27

CORNELIUS J. SOULE,
ARCHITECT,
Member Ontario Association of Architects. Offices, Government street, next to Geo. H. Maynard's. feb22-1m

T. S. NORGATE,
ARCHITECT
and Mechanical Engineer. Drawings for Patent Office. Office, Moody's Block, 78 Yates street, Victoria, B. C. m30tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

SOCIETIES.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 3, A. V. & A. M., R.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Pingard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. J. J. R. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 122, G.R.C. Regular convocations held on the 2nd Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited. W. J. QUINTAN, Scribe E.

DOMINION LODGE, No. 4,
I. O. O. F., meets at the hall, Douglas street, every Thursday evening. Visiting brothers cordially invited. JAMES ALLD, N.G. Jel

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P.
Regular convocation every Friday evening at Forresters' Hall, Government street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. H. J. PLUMMER, K. of R. & S. oct9

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their hall, corner Langley and Yates streets, on the 3rd Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join. J. H. MCBRIDE, Secretary.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dist Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets, or residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. jn18

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; R. G. Kelsey, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Haughton, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. my29-1y

INSURANCE.

TO INSURE—Your house at lowest rates call on Crease, McGregor and Boggs, agents Citizens. my22

INSURE in the Sun, Life and Accident. Crease, McGregor and Boggs. my22

THE NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY,
Established 1797. Amount Insured $68,000,000
R. D. RITHET & CO., Agent,
Station street, Victoria, B. C. ap19-y

THE RAVEN MODERNIZED.

Once upon an election dreary, while John pondered weak and weary
Over a concession called Redistribution law;
While his head he kept a scratching, and his knee he kept a rapping,
Suddenly there came a tapping, tapping on his office door.
"'Tis the Societe Mainland," he muttered, "tapping on my office door.
Only that and nothing more."

Then uprose John in a flutter, coining words as soft as Butter,
For the Societe Mainland, outside his office door.
Said he, "I'll them flatter, I'll soft soap them, blast their eyes, I'll pull wool o'er them.
This delegation of ill omen, about to tread my office floor
I will tell them of the Census; could they ask for any more?"
Surely they could ask no more.

"But," said they, "the Mainland comely, unrepresented feels quite lonely.
And the Constitution Act makes us feel like shedding gore
So we pray thee to amend it, aye, more than that, to change it,
So doctor, so arrange it and relieve our sorrow sore
Let us be represented by eight members, more."
Quoth the Premier, "Nevermore."

"Wherefore," said the Spokesman, "plainly I dost thou talk in words insanely?
Flatly tell us so emphatic that which grieves us to the core?
Hast no bowels of compassion? that thou talkest in this fashion?
Calmly, too, and without passion? when thou knowest we feel so sore?
When our wrath will on thee pour?—
Heedest not the Mainland roar?"

"Mark thee," said the Premier, gravely, "heed the words that I use, sagely,
Nor yet forget their import! as I have said before.
Next year there'll be a Census, and may the devil take us
In all his might tremendous
If I fail to give thee representatives galore,
Then shalt have the proper score."

"But," said the Spokesman, dreary, "such talk thou hast spoken, oft in vain.
Thou art rich and influential and we tell thee confidential,
That eight members are essential if thou would represent us as of yore
If thou wouldst hold the fort as thou hast in days of yore,
Do this or yield the floor."

"Prophet thou, or thing of evil, saint or demon, imp or devil,
Presumest thou to tell thy Master that he must yield the floor?
I am the Premier with the Classes, and Cariboo at my back is,
And I'll see the Mainland asses all on the dark Plutonian shore,
Ere they shall have a Member more."
Thus spake John, and slammed the door.

Then outspoke the Spokesman, sadly, "Honest John has sold us badly,
Despite our protestations, he has cut us to the core,
The Quintette is surely rotten, mean and selfish to the bottom;
Naught is left us but our Cotton,
He and I against the Quintette roar
John shall reign; no Nevermore."

Hence the Mainland Delegation betook themselves with perturbation
Madder than they had ever been before
Paid their bills at the Driard ewore they had been treated hard
That John was bound to things retard for another four years more
He, and his Moosebacks just a score
He, and his Cabinet Moosebacks four.

FIRST MEETING HELD.

The Directors of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital Elect Their Officers.

Surrounded by the lovely landscape views and the broad oaks on the splendid property of the institution on Cadboro Bay road, the new directors of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital commenced their labors on Saturday afternoon last at half past two o'clock.

Present, Thomas R. Smith, James Fell, Charles Hayward, Alexander Wilson, Joshua Davies, Arthur W. Innes, D. M. Eberts, Ed. McQuade, W. M. Chudley, J. S. Yates. The remaining five members of the board were from home and other causes, unavoidably absent.

Some short time was spent in friendly congratulations amongst the members that their duties would commence under such favorable auspices and the hope expressed that by harmonious working the success of the institution in the future would be an undoubted fact. Mr. Wm. Chudley acted as secretary for the occasion, and the meeting was then called to order to proceed to business.

It was proposed, seconded and carried unanimously that Thos. R. Smith, Esq., be president for the thirteen months to June 30th, 1890; also that Joshua Davies, Esq., be vice-president for the 13 months to June 30th, 1890; likewise that Wm. C. Ward be honorary treasurer for the 13 months to June 30th, 1890, provided he be consented to accept the same. The board unanimously desired Mr. Chudley to continue to act as honorary secretary, and offered him clerical assistance to perform such work as might be required in the duties of that office.

Mr. Chudley thanked his brother directors for this kind mark of their appreciation, but explained that his object in being now attained by the erection, completion and occupation of the new building he found that his business arrangements would not permit of his giving the requisite time and he must therefore respectfully decline to accept the position, besides he thought the time had arrived when a paid official should be appointed who would keep the interest of the public in the institution fully up to the mark, and be always on hand to give any requisite information. Should the Board appoint a paid secretary he would be only too pleased to give him all the assistance in his power until he became conversant with all details of his office.

It was proposed by D. M. Eberts seconded by A. W. Jones, That Mr. Henry Yates be appointed secretary.

An amendment was proposed by Alex. Wilson, seconded by Jas. Fell, That the medical officer when appointed combine the duties of secretary with his other duties.

Several members expressed the opinion that the approval of the medical officer being secretary, as in case of any disagreement or irregularities arising in the working of the staff it would be next to impossible to get at the actual facts connected therewith.

On division the amendment was lost and Mr. Henry Yates was duly appointed.

Tenders for supplies were then opened and that for meat and vegetables awarded to L. Goodacre; bread, S. E. King; milk, Evans & Hobbs. Those for drugs and groceries were referred to sub committees to examine and act upon when the figures of each had been worked out. Coals not being required just at present the tenders were ordered to be laid on the table.

The secretary was instructed to see that the fire insurance policies falling due were duly covered to the extent of $40,000 on the buildings and $5,000 on the furniture, and to ascertain if the various companies would cover on the two years basis.

A communication was read from the Minister of Marine at Ottawa, as to the terms on which seamen could be accommodated, and the secretary was instructed to reply that they could be taken into the general ward at $10 per week.

Several sub committees were formed for the detail work of the institution, and it being now nearly 6 o'clock the Board adjourned at the call of the president.

The committee, we understand, intend meeting again at an early date for the appointment of regular medical officers, matron and staff of nurses, and receive a deputation from the French Benevolent Institution with a view of amalgamating with the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.

The new secretary, Mr. Henry Yates, of the firm of Austin & Yates, is well and favorably known in the city, and it is hoped that having the advice and experience of confessedly two such able directors as Mr. Chudley, the late honorary secretary, and Mr. J. S. Yates, late secretary of the old Royal Hospital, to guide him, he will receive such a measure of support from the public as will enable him to execute ably the duties of his office in support of the institution as they have been enabled to do.

The amount required by the directors on Mortgage, $15,000, is very moderate, considering the ample security there exists on the property, and there is no doubt the amount will be speedily on hand to complete payment of the outlay at a moderate rate of interest.

AUSTRALIAN PARLIAMENT.

The Marriage of the Governor Shows a Very Gratifying Condition.

ADELAIDE, South Australia, June 5.—Earl Kintore, Governor of the colony, opened Parliament to-day. He congratulated members on the growth of Australian unity. He announced that the budget showed a surplus, and that a new loan would not be needed; that duties would be remitted on tea, coffee, sugar, cocoa and kerosene. The railway from Point Darwin to Pine Creek is completed and a bill will be introduced for an extension of the trans-continental railway as far as the McDonnell range.

THE KAISER SERIOUSLY ILL.

He is Already Preparing for Death on Disability.

NEW YORK, June 6.—A Berlin dispatch says it is privately reported that serious results may yet follow the Kaiser's recent carriage accident. It appears that he injured the ear that has already caused him so much pain and discomfort by the constant and profuse suppuration, so that it has been in a terrible condition ever since. Quite aware of his malady, it is said that William has already made arrangements to appoint the Empress and his brother, Prince Heinrich, regents in case of his death or his being incapacated.

BRIEF LOCALS.

The Day's Doings in City and Province Briefly Related.

Japanese goods at Daley's.

W. T. Drake has removed his coal office to near James Bay bridge.

There will be two days' sports at Vancouver to celebrate Dominion Day, and a very complete programme has been provided.

Every subscriber to "The Dominion Illustrated," Canada's pictorial weekly, is insured for $500 in case of death by accident. Yearly subscription $4.

One drunk, the only catch made by the police since Saturday morning, occupied the dock this morning. He was fined $5 a sum which he paid without a kick.

Capt. Holmes has decided that the Florence will in future make three trips to the Gorge each Sunday, during the summer months, but she will not run on Saturdays.

During the absence of Mr. H. C. Beeton in British Columbia, the office of British Columbia Government Agency, 32 Finsbury Circus, E.C., will be in charge of Mr. Thom Penney.

Several good baskets of fish were brought in from the different lakes and rivers yesterday, but on account of the strong breeze no very good baskets were brought from the large lakes.

F. Richards, the Champion Boot Black, formerly with W. Whittaker, has taken an 18 months' lease of the Gem barber shop window, 74 Yates street, opposite the Poodle Dog. Call and get a patent leather shine.

Messrs Lesce & Co. have got a number of loggers at work getting out a few booms for their new sawmill at Shawnigan. About 600 yards of skids have been built, and one large boom is ready for the saws which will commence buzzing in about a month and a half.

William Ridgeway left Vancouver about ten days ago in a small boat for his ranch at Squamish. He has not yet arrived there, and no word has been received of his whereabouts. A gentleman who was up in that vicinity a day or two ago reports the finding of a canoe near Anvil Island, Howe Sound, and the description given of it tallies exactly with the one used by Ridgeway.

A lot of heavy hotel cooking utensils at McLennan & McFeely's, 70 Yates street.

Novelties in garden sprinklers just received at McLennan & McFeely's, 70 Yates street.

THE BIG FOUR.

OPPOSITION CANDIDATES ON THE STUMP.

A Rattling Good Speech From Mayor Grant—Facts Placed Before the Electors in Clear and Vigorous English—An Encouraging Meeting.

A meeting held at the call of the opposition candidates assembled in the Victoria Theatre on Saturday evening. The meeting, which was not quite as large as on former occasions was of a very representative character. On motion of a gentleman in the audience, Mr. Carmichael was appointed chairman of the meeting. On taking his seat, and before introducing the first speaker of the evening, he said among other things that he was glad to give the Opposition any assistance he could in this contest to drive the present incumbents out of power.

Mayor Grant on coming forward was greeted with long and hearty applause. He commenced his remarks by launching at once into the object of the meeting. That object, he explained, was to elect to the position of legislators those men best fitted to perform the duties He knew that many of the older residents were familiar with the past records of all the candidates; still there were many new comers who were not, and he would endeavor to show to them part of the records of the present Government. He would substantiate his remarks, too, by documentary evidence if necessary, as such evidence was a tower of strength. He compared the Opposition party with Sir Colin Campbell's "thin red line" at Balaklava, which although small was mighty. The prime complaint of the country was that the Government had no decided policy; it had no backbone and would not stick to its own opinions, but wishing to retain their seats were vacillating and accepted the views of their supporters from time to time, although contrary to their own. He admitted that the present Government had expended considerable money on public works, but in comparison with former Governments nothing commensurate with the largely increased revenue, the million dollar loan which is all gone, and nearly four hundred thousand dollars obtained from a sale of the dry dock. The revenues of the present Government had been very large, but out of it no great public work had been carried out. Truly the law courts had been built and $20,000 had been put into the Jubilee hospital, but this and a few bridges, which were so badly built that they fell down at the first freshet, and a test mill which was consumed by fire and became a total loss by reason of bad management in the matter of insurance was all. Nothing else had been done of magnitude. Some few roads had been built which ended in a Government supporter's farm yard. It was all wrong in his opinion, that expenditures should be made in such a way as to give preference to Government supporters. This was in contrast with the municipal government of Victoria. The Provincial Government kept a large sum of money handy to be expended on the eve of an election, instance the $77,000 to be expended in the district of New Westminster, New Westminster city and Vancouver city. This would tend to make those districts solid for the supporters of the Government. In Cowichan $60,000 had been expended in eighteen months to make it a pocket borough, so that when a minister of the Government was driven out of Victoria it would be safe for him to stand in that district. Notwithstanding this large expenditure, less than $3,000 of actual revenue had been contributed by this district during the same period. These statements he could prove. One very necessary thing needed by the Province was a Government which was in favor of a well defined railway policy as the building of railways would open up the wonderful latent resources of the country. It might be said that no money was available for this purpose, but it would be a good idea to borrow it, as the credit of the Government was good. Speaking of the expenditures of public money by the present Government, the speaker asserted that much of this expenditure had been illegal, as in many cases the statute had not been complied with in the matter of the expenditure of money not voted by the House, the special warrant not having been authorized until some time after the payments had been made. The Lieutenant-Governor was placed in his position to be a check on such expenditures, but he had been ignored and payments made without his signature. When a resolution condemning this action of the Government was brought before the House, it was voted down by the Government supporters. The speaker mentioned an instance when a supporter of the Government had lifted his hand to vote against the Government, his hand had been pulled down and he afterwards voted the opposite way. Was this the boasted liberty of the flag under which we live. Reviewing the royalty imposed by the Government on quartz extracted from railway lands, the speaker clearly showed the original measure brought in by the Government had been amended by the efforts of the Opposition so that it was not so objectionable as when first introduced although it could still be improved upon. One thing ought to be condemned strongly, and that was the utterances of the Premier, who had publicly said that it was of no use to send men to oppose the Government as they could not do anything for the constituencies that sent them. Was this honest to disfranchise men for the exercise of their opinions. It virtually meant, if you send a man to oppose me, "look out," as you will have too little expended in your district for public works. Such a man should be kicked out of office. Therefore Honest John had expressed himself in a very dishonest manner. The speaker had many friends in the Government, the Hon. J. H. Turner, Hon. Mr. Pooley, and Hon. Mr. Vernon were personally friends of his in business, but not in politics. They were honest men but were unfortunately associated with Honest John. Speaking of the redistribution bill he drew attention to the fact that the Premier himself had said it was not fair and did not do justice to several districts on the Mainland and had given a promise if re-elected to give the other half of the loaf, but it wouldn't do to trust Honest John too much. The speaker asked if it was fair for 750 voters in Cariboo to have three representatives? (Cries of "No.") It would have been better for the Premier to have stuck to his opinions and had a statesman's courage to hold to his convictions, but no, the Premier had stuck to his seat, he was too fond of the fleshpots, and had got rich by virtue of his position. If the electors were satisfied to adhere to such a government, why, well and good, but they were blind to their own interests if they did so. He instanced the fact that while the house was in session possibly one-half of the members were in the smoking room while questions of importance were being argued; when the bell rang they trooped in, and knowing nothing about the matter before them, voted just as the finger of Honest John indicated. A particular incident was mentioned in the matter of the report of the finance committee last session which was unanimously adopted by the committee, three of five being government supporters; because it told the truth it was sent back to be reconsidered and the supporters of the Government swallowed their own opinions at the dictum of the Government. One instance he wished to mention, was that of three men who had been taken to have their names put on the voters' list. One of these men had openly expressed his opinion against a certain member of the Government, and had said he would like to be able to vote against him. This man's name was left off the voters list, his application not being put in in time to give him a vote at the coming elections. (Cries of "name.") The speaker gave the names of the parties as Messrs. McGregor, Heatherbell and Dutton. The latter was the one who had not had his name put on the list, as he had expressed his opinion too freely. (Voice—Who was the lawyer's office?) It was the Hon. Theo. Davie's office. Such an action was a crime which should be punished at the election on the 13th. The laxity of the Government candidates in not meeting the electors in public meeting was touched upon, and the method of voting discussed. The speaker advised that the straight ticket should be voted either for or against, as splitting was not advisable. For instance, a vote given for two Government and two Opposition amounted to a nullity. Touching on the single tax articles in the Colonist he reiterated the statement he had published in the TIMES, that the Colonist editor had misrepresented him, which could be borne out by many gentlemen who were in the audience at the present time. The speaker did not agree with the principle of taking from the owners of land that which they had honestly invested in it without remuneration. It would be a correct principle to reimburse the owners. The principle advocated by Henry George was not to take one dollar of the improvements, but to allow them to remain vested in the owner, who could sell and transfer them in the same manner as can be done with the land itself. The Colonist had been unfair in this as in other cases where the speaker was concerned. He believed in the nine hours a day principle and would pledge himself to support any such measure, and ended his remarks by again urging upon the electors the great necessity of voting either for or against the Government. Let the result of the election be positive, and support, the Opposition, was the advice of the speaker, who, amid an outburst of applause, took his seat.

[The speaker—whose remarks are greatly condensed in the above report—was loudly applauded throughout, and upon resuming his seat received the hearty plaudits of the entire audience.]

Mr. Frank Richards said it was a surprise to him that the candidates in the Government interest had not yet met the people on the public platform, but had taken underhand methods by representing in private that the sole aim of the Opposition was to get into power so as to shift the Capital to the Mainland. This was false, and was not the intention of the Opposition at all; the good of Victoria and the Province at large was the object of the Opposition. If it was only looked at carefully it would be easily seen that the bad feeling which once existed between the Island and Mainland, now happily ended, was being revived by the Hon. John Robson, who had admitted that the Redistribution Bill was wrong, but had not the courage to stick to his opinions, and resign his seat, but made specious promises to the Mainland electors. He had not resigned nor had even menaced the electors by saying that if not supported by representatives, the districts opposed to him would suffer. The speaker, touching on the single tax question, said that the present system of taxation was wrong, but it would require a deal of study to treat the subject fully. He was opposed to the granting of large tracts of land to monopolists, and reviewed the law in the matter which distinctly stated that only a limited quantity of land, 640 acres, should be taken up by one person. In spite of the law, however, he could point out that a tract of over 60,000 acres had been applied for and the application accepted by the Government, [illegible] with the 10c per acre deposit. One of the applicants was Capt. John Irving, and the others were Government supporters. This fact was sufficient to explain how an illegal act could be done. With these few remarks Mr. Richards closed his speech, promising to meet the electors again at an early date and some fully [illegible] and amid applause took his seat.

Dr. Milne was received with loud applause. Having explained [illegible] having a severe cold, he said he would [illegible]

to refer to a few questions respecting those gentlemen who were seeking election. The opposition candidates were somewhat at a loss to know what course their opponents intended to pursue. One thing certain was, the latter should have been before the electors before this time, and have explained some of their votes in the Legislature. Now, said he, if we take the special school tax levied on the cities in this Province and on Victoria in particular, because we have to pay a larger sum than any other city in the Province. As I mentioned the other night, the Government grant to Victoria city is about $19,000 for school teachers' salaries. They then make us pay a rebate of one-third of this—$6,400. This the Government cannot give any reason for. They did attempt to explain that it was for the maintainance of the high school but this argument would not hold. The cost of the high school in Victoria is only about one third of the amount of the tax levied on the city. When we look at revenues obtained from the city in the way of marriage license, personal property tax, income tax, provincial revenue tax, registry fees, the education refund, besides the share belonging to the city from the Dominion Government (our proportion of $212,000), when we consider the per capita tax, we get very little in return in proportion. The Government is making money out of it and have no right to impose the extra tax. (Applause.) But did Mr. Turner or Mr. Duck stand up for our rights when this question came up in the House? No, they voted with the Government. Mr. Turner as well as Mr. Duck knew well that ninety nine out of every hundred in Victoria was opposed to this measure, but what was the result? They voted for party instead of the interest of Victoria. The vote shows that these men actually voted that we should pay back out of our just share of school money between $6,000 and $7,000, for no reason, because I maintain that under the old regulation we were not getting our proportion for school purposes, but they add insult to injury and impose this tax. (Applause.) I ask you as electors, was Mr. Turner or Mr. Duck in this instance doing their duty to you as citizens of Victoria and your representatives? No, they failed to act as independent men and as men elected to act in your interests. (Applause.) Now there is another point I wish to refer to while on this school question. A few days after this vote had been taken the second reading of the school act to which I have just referred too, Mr. Beaven, not feeling satisfied with the manner in which matters were drifting, endeavored to introduce a clause in the school act providing that the school district of Victoria should be the same as the city municipal boundaries. As was pointed the other evening, the present school boundaries extend far beyond the present limits and a great many children receive benefit from the city schools. This I do not think as citizens we woul grumble at if the Government treated us in a fair spirit; but they do not try to do this, but impose in every way they can. Did Messrs. Turner and Duck vote for this just measure even if it came from the Opposition? No. Justice was not to be given to the cities. Party first seemed to be their motto—and their constituents last. (Hear, hear.) Another question I wish to refer to in which some of our representatives have turned a deaf ear. That is the Coal Miners' Act. For some time the Opposition endeavored to bring in a clause in this act to prohibit Chinese working underground. (Applause.) But the Government, time and again, voted it down. In 1884 Mr. Raybould, as member for Nanaimo, introduced a measure dealing with this very question. The Government party then voted it down, of which Messrs. Duck and Turner of course were a party. The Opposition time and again brought up this question, but they were outvoted every time. In 1888 Mr. Humphries, as member for Comox, seconded by Mr. Beaven, brought in a resolution to have a clause that "no Chinese be allowed to work underground in the mines." This the Opposition thought an opportune time, as accidents had occurred in which many lives were lost; but no, the appeals of the miners or the mourning of the widows and orphans of those who lost husbands and fathers in the mining accidents were not heeded. Furthermore petitions were not only sent in by the miners and workingmen of Nanaimo, but also from the residents of Vancouver as well as Victoria. But what was the result? How did Messrs. Duck and Turner treat their petition in this matter? They voted with the Government, and the measure was defeated. These are on the votes and proceedings of the House and cannot be refuted. (Applause.) What is the case this last session? A measure is brought in by the member for Nanaimo bearing on this very same question and the result is, the measure carried. The Oppodition have fought this question for the last six years and and at last the Government gave way. If it is a just measure now, why was it not a just measure in 1884? It is doubtful if it were not for this year being the year of a general election if it would have had the support of the Government party. But they want votes and in order that they might secure some of the workingmen they pass this measure. I hope the workingmen and all other classes will see through this thin piece of legislation for it was done for a purpose. The policy of the present Government is not to listen to the working classes, only when they want to make a point. Why did they not meet the workingmen on the platform the other evening? The reason is they dare not face the workingmen and answer these questions. (Applause.) I listened with interest to the arguments brought forth at the meeting held by the single tax association on this question. I have nothing now to add to what I have said. Some of the arguments in reference to assessments of property I heartily agree with and steps in the line of reducing taxation on improvements I would support. I believe the clause introduced in the Municipal Act last session was in the right direction. But as to the single tax theory I am not sufficiently posted on the subject to give an opinion on the question. It is a great question and requires considerable study. There are some of the arguments in reference to taxation I agree with and I am in accord with. Then again look at the Elections Act just passed and introduced by Hon. Mr. Davie in which Messrs. Turner and Duck voted for and was made law. It provides that each candidate should deposit $200 with the returning officer at the time of the nomination paper is filed. This can see to a great injustice to men who are probably able to represent the people, and are prohibited by this act, but this is one of those liberal acts which Mr. Davie boasts about and is supported by Messrs. Turner and Duck. What is the results of this class of legislation? Take for example the nominations held a week ago. In the district of Saanich we have three candidates nominated, only one is a resident of the district, the other two are residents of Victoria. I do not say that it was due to the fact that the farmers in that section had not the $200 to put up with their nomination papers, but it is just possible, few farmers even with plenty of money can afford such a sum at a busy time of the year between seed time and harvest and it is just likely these men did not or could not afford to make such a deposit at the time, hence they are debarred from running. Take Esquimalt, we have three candidates, two may be said to be residents of Victoria. Then take Cowichan, we have three candidates, two are imported from Victoria, Hon. Mr. Davie and Mr. Croft. I would not say that the farmers in this section of the country had not the two hundred dollars, but it is just possible if they had it, they did not wish to run any risk of loosing it, or could not spare it from their daily demands. Then we have the case of Comox in which two candidates are seeking election; one is from Victoria, sent there in the interest of the Government. You see if they succeed in their game they intend to run the country within their own family circle. This is the effect of this legislation, it cannot be doubted, to prevent representative men from aspiring as members of parliament and taking part in government of the country. This is nothmore than history repeating itself. You all know the origin of the family compact in Canadian history, how that the executive and legislative council, at the time, for mutual advantage gave offices of emolument and positions under the crown which gave them a strong but not an honest following. This became offensive to the people and the result was Louis Papineau in Lower Canada, and William Lyon Mackenzie in Upper Canada, rose in rebellion in order to purge the political system then in vogue. I hope we will not have rebellion in this country, but it is just this kind of legislation that will lead to disaffection among the people. I want to see the cost of getting into parliament made as cheap as possible. We don't want a plutocracy established in this, a democratic country. We want the law made that the poor as well as the rich shall have a voice in the ruling of the country. (Cheers.)

Hon. Mr. Beaven was received with applause. He said it was very kind of Mayor Grant to say to the audience that he (Mr. B.) did not misrepresent matters but that whatever he said could be depended upon as correct. He wished to say for himself that he hoped he would never express any sentiment which would mislead a single individual. Judging from the long and dry editorials in the Colonist, misrepresenting his views upon the single tax, it would appear that he had not been very fortunate in expression or that the editor was purposely dense. Mark Twain had once said that "the less he knew of a subject the more light he could throw upon it." This was the position of the editor of the Colonist upon the single tax question. (Laughter.) With reference to this particular subject he did not wish anyone to vote for him with the expectation that, if elected, he would bring about the introduction of the single tax as advocated pure and simple by Mr. Henry George. It would be an impossibility for him to do so, even if he had the inclination, as it would involve an entire change in the system of taxation as carried out by the Dominion, the provinces and the municipalities. He (Mr. B.) had advocated the principle of not punishing a man for making improvements and he had succeeded in incorporating in the Municipal Act a permissive power to levy a lower rate of taxation upon the improvements than upon the land. (Applause.) It had been pointed out by Mayor Grant that the Government candidates seeking election had not once addressed the electors. It was true the Premier and Attorney-General, who were not candidates for the city, had done so and the Finance Minister had made a few remarks which were easily controvertible, but the other three had practically said nothing.

A voice—They are scared.

Mr. Beaven—Mayor Grant had referred to the fact that men elected to the Legislature absented themselves in the smoking room during important debates and simply took their seats and voted without hearing the discussion. The action of the government candidates in not addressing the electors was carrying out the same course. Was this the class of representatives the electors of Victoria wanted? He was glad to see Mr. Turner in the audience and would have liked to have seen Mr. Duck here also, as it would be of interest to the electors to hear them explain some of their votes. A few sessions ago there was a sum of $37,500 voted as a bonus to a branch railway to New Westminster. When the item was before the House he (Mr. B.) moved a rider to the effect that the money was not to be paid if Chinese were employed on the work. This passed the House unanimously, the Premier saying that it was in accordance with his policy. But what was the fact? A few months afterwards an order in council was passed in which Mr. Duck was a consenting member, ignoring the resolution of the House and authorizing the payment of the money without the restrictive Chinese clause, and the money was actually paid out of the treasury at the time Mr. Turner was a member of the legislature, supporting the Government, and Chinese were employed on the work. The public accounts committee reported the fact to the House, but that was the end of it. Mr. Robson advised, when speaking on this platform, that no Opposition members should be sent to the legislature, for, said he, "if they oppose my Government they can do no good for you." He wanted a monopoly of legislation, and the worst kind of a monopoly. (Hear, hear.) According to that gentleman's idea there should be no discussion on any subject, but all and every measure brought down by the Government should be supported. This idea of no discussion did not suit the electors of Victoria, and he hoped when the 13th instant came that thousands of voters would show that they could not be intimidated in this manner. (Applause.)

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--: DRESSES!

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20 to 30 PATTERN DRESSES of different shades. These are deserving of special notice; they are of German manufacture and are excellent value at 12 00 to 16 00

A line of EMBROIDERED ROBES in 10 different shades, very fine splendid value at... 15 00

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LEGAL NOTICES.

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Part of Subdivision Lot 3 and another part (2 acres) of Section XXXII Esquimalt District.

A CERTIFICATE of INDEFEASIBLE TITLE to the above lands will be issued to George Thomson on the 15th day of July, 1890, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said lands or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT, Registrar-General.

Land Registry office, Victoria, 10th April, 1890. ap10-3m

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Lot 93 in the City of Victoria.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I shall register in the above lot in the name of Robert Farris McLennan and Edward John McFeely as owners, in fee, as tenants in common, in pursuance of an order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, made on the 20th day of March 1890, by the Hon. Mr. Justice Drake, unless cause be shown to the contrary in writing within three months from the date hereof.

C. J. LEGGATT, Registrar-General.

Land Registry office, Victoria, 3rd April, 1890. ap3-3m

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

Part of Section 20 Range VIII, Quamichan District.

A CERTIFICATE OF INDEFEASIBLE TITLE to a portion of the above mentioned section will be issued to Henry Fry, junior, on the 15th day of July, 1890, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in such portion of said section or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT, Registrar-General.

Land Registry office, Victoria, 16th April 1890. ap18-3m

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Lots 35, 40, 41, 47, 207, 1198 the N. ½ of Lot 25, the easterly ½ of Lot 74, and parts of Lots 277 and 278 in the City of Victoria.

A CERTIFICATE OF INDEFEASIBLE title to the above mentioned lands will be issued to Walter Scott Chambers on the 8th day of August, 1890, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said lands, or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT, Registrar-General.

Land Registry office, Victoria, 7th May, 1890. my13-3m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT SIXTY days after date we intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase Section 15, Township 5, Graham Island, Queen Charlotte District, containing 640 acres.

THOMAS MATHEWS.
BYRON HOLMES WEST.
THOMAS McFARLANE GRAHAM.
JAMES PUSEY.

May 15th 1890. my15-2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT sixty days after date, I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following tract of land, commencing at a stake on shore line, about two and a half miles east south east, of Bonilla point, running north 19 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence south 40 chains; thence following shore line to point of commencement, containing 160 acres, more or less.

JOSIAH JAQUES.

Victoria, May 19th 1890. my19-2m

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT I INTEND to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to purchase 320 acres of land near Mission Valley Osoyoos division of Yale district, commencing at post, being south westcorner of Wheland's purchase claim, thence east 40 chains, thence south 80 chains thence west 40 chains thence north 80 chains to the place of commencement.

ROBERT MUNSON.

May 19th 1890. my20

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT THIRTY days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to establish a highway 66ft. wide from Bridge Crossing Creek near my house to John Minson trail about three miles south and passing through the south east corners of lots 202, 189 and 203, this route to be the public trail in lieu of the old one established.

THOMAS ELLIS.

Penticton, May 14, 1890. m14-1m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT thirty days after date, we, the undersigned intend to apply to the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease for timbering purposes, of the following tract of land in the West Kootenay District. Commencing at a post on the left bank of Fort Shepherd Creek about three miles from its mouth, on the western boundary of the meadow land reserved on behalf of the Kootenay Valleys Company in the Lower Kootenay Valley; thence due west 20 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 3 miles; thence south 2 miles; thence east 3 miles; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains to the western boundary of the reserved land; thence following south western boundary to the initial point; containing 7000 acres, more or less.

JOSHUA DAVIES.
W. F. SAYWARD.

Nelson, B. C., May 13, 1890. per C.W.R. my23-1m

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NEW DESIGNS, EXCELLENT QUALITY

And Better Prices Than Ever Before.

JAS. HASTIE & CO.

Great Improvement in Artificial Teeth.

IN ORDER OF INTRODUCING MY IMproved sets of teeth, I will make a reduction of one third of cost for thirty days only beginning June 1st. They must be seen to be appreciated, as to looks and quality they cannot be excelled. They will not drop while eating or speaking. Inspect sample set and see testimonials from those wearing them. Remember you will not have this chance again after June 30th.

None but skilful operations performed.

DR. HARTMAN, DENTIST.
8 GOVERNMENT ST.

GENTLEMEN, examine the very choice lines of Hand Sewn Calf and Kangaroo Congress and Laced boots, (elegant goods) at ERSKINE'S Boot and Shoe Emporium, 132 Government St. Corner of Johnson.

Store closes at 7 p. m., except Saturdays.

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Gilpin and Buford Sulky Plows, Prairie Queen Breaking Plows

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WHIPPLE WHEEL, ACME AND DISC HARROWS.

Hoosier Seed Drills, Pacific Seeders, Chatham Fanning Mills, Minneapolis Grain Cleaners

Largest Assortment of Plows and Harrows IN THE PROVINCE.

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Our Spring Stock of Clothing is now complete.

HATS, CAPS AND STRAW GOODS IN THE LATEST STYLES.

White and Colored Cricketing Flannel Shirts.

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A FINE LINE OF ENGLISH GLADSTONE BAGS.

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HOUSES, -- LOTS, -- ACRES,

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Very choice piece of Building land—about one acre—near Douglas street, about 200 feet from tramway.

In South Saanich—100 acres Farming land. Very choice land.

Mansion on Michigan Street.

Two-storey Dwelling, and 2 Cottages and lot, also lot adjoining, on Pembroke street.

Two-storey Dwelling house and two lots, on King's Road.

One building lot on Hillside avenue.

Town lot 24 and Cottage, Esquimalt.

200 acres fine timber land in Esquimalt District.

100 acres do do do.

595 acres very choice Land in Esquimalt District, suitable for residential purposes, and within half-a-mile of the Esquimalt and Nanaimo R.R. station.

Three acres very choice garden land in Victoria District, within two miles from city post office.

Splendid corner lot and Dwelling House on Douglas street.

In Lake District, 123 acres timber land.

In South Saanich District, 250 acres choice bottom land.

Also 196 acres farming land south of Prairie Tavern.

To lease—90 feet on Fort street, for a long time, on easy terms. A great bargain.

All the above properties will be sold on easy terms.

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Latest Styles, Latest Fashion Plates. 88 Government Street.

HOSPITALITY.

Decline of the Old Fashioned Virtue. Reasons for the Change.

There is something more than the talk of the traditional grumbler in the charge that the old fashioned virtue of hospitality is on the decline. Where in the days of our fathers or grandfathers it was not unusual for people to have their houses literally overflowing with guests, it is now hard to find anybody who ever thinks of entertaining more than one or at the most two at a time, and it has become the exception rather than the rule that it used to be for anybody outside of a country house in summer to have guests at all. The succession of country cousins who were once almost as regular visitors to all well regulated city dwellings as the tax collector and the gas man, are seen no more forever, and the modern housewife would as soon think of opening a boarding house at once as of having her home so overrun as it was in the days of her grandmother.

The reasons for this change are numerous. In the first place, the increased facilities for traveling of modern times has made it so easy for visitors to come to town that if the doors swung as hospitably open as of old it is feared that the rightful owners of any given domicile would be in serious danger of being crowded out of their own premises. There is, moreover, the increased expense of living and the complex requirements of modern society, which renders it impossible to keep up the old fashioned customs, with imminent danger of finding any ordinary income and any ordinary strength hopelessly overtaxed. Modern housekeeping, it is to be added, is so much more elaborate than that which obtained in the olden days that it cannot allow the interruptions and upsettings which formerly made no great difference. The housekeeper of today is at the head of too intricate a machine to see with any patience the arrival of guests which throw out of gear the whole mechanism. We are more selfish than of old, and we are forced to be if we hope to keep up at all to the requirements of society. We are asked to be able to do so much that the country cousins, the poor relatives, the strangers of all sorts, must be attended to in some other way than that of having the house doors opened to them.

The sense of individuality which has been developed so greatly within the last century has undoubtedly much to do with the present state of things. It is recognized that a man's house must be his castle mentally as as well as physically if he is to preserve his individuality from the importunities of the unsympathetic, the vexing, the vulgar and the idle. It may be a sublimated form of selfishness, but it is one of the things which the age demands, and to what the age demands it is pretty hard not to accede. Nor is the result wholly without its good side. People are certainly more interesting who do defend their individuality, and develop their personality, and in the stress of our over nervous time and climate it would be practically impossible to meet the requirements which stand ready to meet men and women the moment they step over their own threshold, did they not make that threshold a bar to the claims of the outside world as far as possible.

The danger perhaps lies in the direction of the home life's becoming stagnant, and the sanctuary's becoming a mere resting place. There is, too, in the exercise of personal hospitality a fine broadening of the character which is to be come at in no other way so surely. The chance of entertaining angels unawares is so much diminished by modern fashions that there is room for fearing that we shall all too soon forget how it might seem to entertain the heavenly visitants at all. Of course each must in this as in other matters draw the line for himself, but out of regard for himself and for his own character it will be well if he draw it a great deal nearer the old fashioned idea than is generally done in these days.—Boston Courier.

That Crotchety Meter.

A gas meter is to my notion a thing of consent. I would like to have some one convince me that it in any way indicates the amount of gas burned, as a bushel or a pound represents something that we can prove up. The gas meter will register air blown into it as well as gas that passes through it. Would it not be a more rational way to assess gas bills as the water department does—on the basis of the number of rooms in a house? Any one who will make the experiment will find that if every burner in the house is lit and turned full head on every night for a month that the bill for that month will be no larger than usual. The gas that is forced through the meter, if not burned, will leak away anyhow. That is the explanation of gas bills rendered for months when a house is closed up and no gas burned. Some safeguard against waste is to turn off the gas behind the meter during the day.—Interview in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Mr. Grady's Home Life.

At home Mr. Grady was full of fun and frolic. One of the funniest scenes I ever witnessed was during a dinner at Mr. Grady's house. When we seated ourselves at the table Mrs. Grady gave a warning look at her husband, who had commenced to carve the chickens, as she said: "Henry, I am going to say grace." With a resigned sir Mr. Grady sat his knife a little inclined to the right, his lips pursed up. Mrs. Grady, who was a devout Methodist, began to say grace, while Mr. Grady kept up an undercurrent of soft toned, sotto voce parentheses: "Now, dear, the chickens are getting cold." "Now, dear, don't make it longer because you've got company." "Now, dear, these people can't be thankful; they look really to eat me." And yet Henry Grady was a sincerely religious man. He simply could not suppress his buoyant spirits. That's all.—Philadelphia News.

A Dog in the Organ Loft.

Park Avenue Presbyterian church was the scene of an unusual musical event on Sunday evening.

The innocent cause of the disturbance was a little Scotch terrier belonging to the family of a young lady who acts as the church organist. He had slyly contrived to follow his young mistress, unknown to her, from home to the organ loft, and, after securely ensconcing himself in a comfortable corner, waited patiently for the evening service. The organist was very much surprised, shortly after commencing the voluntary, to hear a succession of sepulchral groans from the corner. On investigation, she was completely taken aback on discovering the little Scotchy, which jumped and frisked about, exhibiting its great delight. It was evident the canine soul was thrilled with joy, but nevertheless it was out of the question for him to remain a member of the choir, and he was promptly ejected.

This incident over, the choir proceeded to sing an anthem, but they had not sung through the first verse when from the outside was heard the unmistakable howling of the undaunted terrier. It had returned to the attack and seemed bent on joining in the singing by hook or crook. This caused a suspension of music by the choir, as between the mild panic and laughter created by the renewed attempts of the faithful animal it was impossible to go on. The musical prodigy was again ingloriously ejected, this time with more force than affection, and again the service proceeded.

But it was evident that the canine meant to stay on till the termination. Still, as the next hymn was being sung, the far off echo of a now familiar voice was heard from the back hallway, where he had been banished. The young people were almost exploded. Finally the canine musician was dragged outside and sent home under escort to prevent his return.—Pittsburg Press.

Embalming Without Mutilation.

By a new invention some of the painful features of the disposition of the dead in those cases where delay in burial or cremation is necessary is avoided, and partial dissection is dispensed with. This invention consists in a flexible air tight envelope to enclose the body, which is placed on a suitable truck for supporting it. The sack, after the insertion of the remains, is made air tight by means of set screws and clamps at one end, while at the other end is a nozzle connected with an air pump. After the air has been partially exhausted the nozzle is connected to a vessel which contains compressed embalming vapor. The sack is also provided with hoops to keep it distended, and a face mask for the protection of the features. The gas may be made commercially, or manufactured by the undertaker at his place of business, and kept in a suitable gas holder on board ship, or conveyed to the place where the body is. The pressure of the gas causes it to permeate through the tissues of the body, and this process is much facilitated by the previous exhaustion of the air. When used at sea the embalming sack serves as a casket for containing the body until the ship arrives at port.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

The Richest People on Earth.

The Osages are the richest people in the world. There are only about 1,600 in the tribe and they own 1,500,000 acres of land in the territory, on which they have large herds of cattle. Then they lease their land to cattlemen and derive an income of $20,000 per annum, which is used in running their government. But the greater part of their wealth is in cold cash in the vaults of the treasury department. The original grant to the tribe was 8,000,000 acres of land in Southern Kansas. By the treaty of 1866 they were paid $1.25 per acre for this land, and were also given their present reservation. Of the amount of the purchase price, about $8,000,000 is now placed to the credit of the tribe, not one cent of which they can touch, but are paid interest at the rate of 5 per cent. For some reason they have not been receiving the full amount of the interest, and there has accumulated almost $3,000,000, drawing no interest and remaining idle.—Kansas City Star.

Too Lazy to Live.

The laziest man in Scotland is said to have been the joiner who, after repeated dismissals from his employment by his master, was at length forcibly laid in a coffin by his shopmates and carried off for burial by way of a joke. On the way they met a farmer, who asked if the man was dead.

"No," was the reply, "but we intend to bury him; he is that lazy that he should not be allowed to live."

At the farmer's request they took off the lid, when the farmer asked the lazy one if he thought he could eat two or three boiled taties.

"Are they peeled?" inquired the man.

"No," returned the farmer.

"Ah, weel, let the funeral gang on."—Scottish American.

A Relic of 1805.

Mrs. Alfred Robinson of Bath, Me., has in her possession an interesting political relic in the shape of a silk handkerchief, upon which is printed the inaugural address of President Jefferson, delivered March 4, 1805. These souvenirs were for sale at Washington during the inauguration period, and the one in question was purchased by Mrs. Robinson's father. The printing, although in the old style, is clear and legible.—New Orleans Picayune.

A Costly Drug.

An ounce of hyoscine hydrobromate crystals costs $1,156.66, and 9½ ounces of hyoscyamine alkaloid costs $1,406. These are preparations of henbane, and are considered excellent hypnotics. They are similar in general effect to atropine, but not followed by such dangerous symptoms.—American Analyst.

PARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT MR. ALAN S. BUMBERTON, Solicitor of Supreme Court of England and British Columbia has been admitted a partner in the firm of Messrs. Walker & Pemberton, Barristers and Solicitors. The firm will on and after the 1st day of July next be carried on under the name of Messrs. Walker, Pemberton & Dumbleton. m27 j11

NOTICE.

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I HAVE THIS day admitted Mr. A. J. W. Bridgman into partnership and the business hitherto carried on in my name, will, in future, be under the firm name of

A. W. JONES & BRIDGMAN,

At 38 Government street.

A. W. JONES.

31st May, 1890. jul-1m

LICENSE NOTICES.

NOTICE.

WE HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT AT the next meeting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners, we intend to apply for the transfer of the license of Connor & Switzer to Switzer & McCloskey to sell liquors by retail at the "Regent Saloon," corner of Douglas and Johnson street.

J. W. SWITZER,
C. B. McCLUSKEY.

my10-1m

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT AT THE next meeting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners I intend to apply for the transfer of the license of the "Old Ship Inn," Wharf street, from Chas. B. McCloskey to Felix Leslouis.

FELIX LESLOUIS.

my10-1m

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT AT THE next meeting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners I intend to apply for the transfer of the license of the "Windsor Hotel," corner Johnson and Store streets, from J. Bowl to James Daley.

JAMES DALEY.

my10-1m

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT I SHALL apply at the next meeting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the transfer of the license for selling liquors, held by Chas. Brewster, of the Gordon Hotel, to me.

ROSS J. FERGUSON.

my22-1m

MISCELLANEOUS.

BRITISH COLUMBIA PROVINCIAL

Agricultural Association

WILL HOLD

ITS ANNUAL EXHIBITION

AT

VICTORIA

ON

Thursday, Friday & Saturday

Oct. 2, 3, and 4.

$5000 TO BE GIVEN IN PRIZES.

Besides a large number of Medals and Special Priz

For particulars see hand bills and catalogues.

Information will be cheerfully given by applying to

C. E. RENOUF, Sec.
Victoria.

jane3dw

A. J. ROWBOTHAM

Desires to notify the public that having purchased the business of

MR. J. C. DEVLIN,

Corner of Yates and Broad Streets,

HE IS

NO LONGER AT NO. 118

DOUGLAS STREET,

Although a sign bearing his name is still there.

jugo7-1m

CHAS. HAYWARD,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER,
Broughton St., Victoria.

DRESSMAKING.

MISS DUNNINGTON HAS OPENED HANDsome Dressmaking Parlors over Terry's Dry Goods Store, Yates and Broad streets, and is prepared to do first class work at moderate prices.

Fashionable styles and perfect fit guaranteed.

my30-1m

SATURDAY HALF-HOLIDAY.

ON AND AFTER THE SEVENTEENTH day of May, the workshops of the undersigned Horse shoers and Carriage builders will be closed every Saturday at one o'clock.

(Signed)

W. C. HEFFERY & SON,
W. LEDINGHAM,
M. J. COLLIN,
JAMES HAY,
GEO. LEDINGHAM,
A. McGREGOR,
J. W. KNIGHT,
JOHN MARTIN,
WM. MAHLE
WM. McCURDACH,
WM. J. HOBBS,
W. McKTOSH,
WM. PYKELL,
HUGH CALDWELL,
F. W. DEMPSTER,
J. F. BEAK.

Ma 24d.

GERVAS F. WAKE & CO

REAL ESTATE AGENTS

52 LANGLEY STREET.

178 acre farm on Somenos Lake, 4 roomed house with kitchen, workshop, barns etc. 1 acre in fruit trees, never failing creek running through the premises. 1 mile from Somenos station, ½ mile from church and school.

250 acre farm in South Quamichan District 14 acres cleared, 3 miles from station.

290 acres on Pender Island.

100 acres on Saanich Road.

Acreage property on the Esquimalt Road.

Acreage property on the Gordon Head and Cedar Hill Roads.

Lots on Spring Ridge, Alfred, Henry and Collinson streets, etc.

Lots James Bay, Dallas Road and Beacon Hill.

Residences on Fort, View, Cook, Alfred and Henry streets and Spring Ridge.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

LAND AND INVESTMENT

AGENCY

(Limited.

THOMAS ALLSOP,
HENRY S. MASON,
CUYLER A. HOLLAND, } DIRECTORS.

HEAD OFFICE:

15 Sergeant's Inn, Fleet Street, **London, Eng.**

The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above company and will be carried on by the Company as a general Land and Investment and Insurance Agency.

Money to Loan on Mortgage

AT LOW RATES.

TOWN LOTS AND FARMING LANDS

For Sale on Easy Terms.

je13d&w

SMOKE

KURTZ & CO.'S

Celebrated brands of

HAVANA CIGARS.

my1-1m

GOLD, WHALES & HONEY.

Honey in Manitoba,
Whales in Hudson's Bay,
Gold in British Columbia,

And rich nuggets all through

THE COLONIST.

A mine of curious and interesting reading.

Have you seen it? A 32-page illustrated magazine on fine paper. A perfect guide to Western Canada from Lake Superior to the Pacific Ocean

SEND TEN CENTS FOR SAMPLE. STAMPS TAKEN.

Address:—THE COLONIST, Winnipeg, Can

VICTORIA'S PARADISE!

The Prettiest Resort on Vancouver Island is the VICTORIA GARDENS, Gorge Road. Strangers should not leave Victoria before visiting this lovely spot. We have a few handsomely furnished rooms to let with first-class board. Our tables are supplied with the best the market affords.

Mrs. Davies superintends the dining room personally, and, as usual will be happy to try and please all.

We make a specialty of our Sunday Dinners from 1 to 3 p. m.

We have a nice ball room to let to private parties.

Picnics and parties served with meals or luncheon on short notice

Good fishing and hunting in season.

Special terms to picnic and boating parties.

m12tfm R. C. DAVIES, Proprietor.

DELMONICO

RESTAURANT AND OYSTER PARLOR

100 Government St., Victoria, B.C.

E. ESCALET, Proprietor.

This establishment is first class in every respect. Every delicacy of the season served in the best style. The finest imported wines and liquors are kept at the Delmonico.

Private dining rooms for ladies. Open day and night. Polite and attentive waiters.

Private parties catered for in any part of the city on the shortest notice.

N. B.—Having engaged a celebrated eastern cook for the season, patrons of the Delmonico can feel assured that all orders placed in his charge will receive the greatest care and attention. ap87

SNOWFLAKE

FLOUR

--::-- FOR FAMILY USE. --::--

IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other.

Manufactured by

ISOM LANNING & CO.,

ALBANY, OREGON.

STEAMBOATS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

ISABEL

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after November 19th, '89,

Until further notice,

The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows:

CALLING AT WAY PORTS:

Leave Victoria for Nanaimo.....Monday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or passage apply on board. n017

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE No. 11,

Taking effect March 22, 1890.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 4 o'clock, a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 14.00 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Lulner's landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 12 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 1 going East Monday.)

For Pioneer Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 12 (noon) o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pioneer Pass Saturday.

Fraser River Route.

Steamers leave New Westminster for Hope and way landings every Wednesday. For Chilliwhack and way landings every Monday and Saturday at 7 o'clock during river navigation.

Northern Route.

S.S. Sardonyx will leave for Port Simpson and intermediate ports on the 1st and 15th of each month, when sufficient inducements offer. Steamer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves for Alberni Sound ports when sufficient inducements offer.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table without notification.

Steamers leave on Standard Time.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every five days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails,

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 12 A.M.

City of Puebla - - - - - June 7th

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

FOR PORT ANGELES

The fast and commodious steamer

EVANGEL

Carrying U. S. mails, leaves Port Townsend every

MONDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY,

At 9 o'clock (Monday and Thursday through to Neah Bay) calling at New Dungeness, Port Angeles, Crescent Bay, Sole River, Twin River, Pysht, Clallam Bay and Neah Bay, returning Tuesday through to Seattle, Saturday to Port Angeles and return.

TRANSFER CONNECTIONS for Port Angeles made at Port Townsend with boats from Victoria on Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

MORGAN & MANN, Owners.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

CARRYING UNITED States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,

FOR HONOLULU

S.S. AUSTRALIA (2,000 tons).....FRIDAY, June 20, 1890, 12 m.

For Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney, Without Change.

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Iron Steamer

ALAMEDA.....SATURDAY, June 28, 1890, 12 m. (or immediately on arrival of the English mails.

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS. General Agents.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 12

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday, May 1st, 1890.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Sundays excepted.	No. 5 Saturdays only.	STATIONS.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Sundays excepted.	No. 6 Saturdays only.
A.M.	A.M.	P.M.		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
9.00	7.30	2.30	VICTORIA	11.15	5.45	4.30
9.08	7.38	2.38	SIDNEY	11.07	5.37	4.22
9.14	7.44	2.44	BRENTWOOD	11.01	5.31	4.16
9.24	7.54	2.54	COBBLE HILL	10.51	5.21	4.06
9.31	8.01	3.01	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	10.44	5.14	3.59
9.43	8.13	3.13	HILLBANK	10.32	5.02	3.47
9.53	8.23	3.23	DUNCANS	10.22	4.52	3.37
10.08	8.38	3.38	KOKSILAH	10.07	4.37	3.22
10.15	8.45	3.45	SOMENOS	10.00	4.30	3.15
10.25	8.55	3.55	CHEMAINUS	9.50	4.20	3.05
P.M.	P.M.	P.M.		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
12.15	10.45	5.15	NANAIMO	7.45	2.15	11.45
12.30	11.00	5.30	WELLINGTON	7.30	2.00	11.30

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Sundays excepted.	No. 5 Saturdays only.	STATIONS.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Sundays excepted.	No. 6 Saturdays only.
A.M.	A.M.	P.M.		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
9.00	7.30	2.30	VICTORIA	11.15	5.45	4.30
9.07	7.37	2.37	GORGE	11.08	5.38	4.23
9.11	7.41	2.41	SWITCH	11.04	5.34	4.19
9.16	7.46	2.46	SAANICH	10.59	5.29	4.14
9.26	7.56	2.56	KEATING	10.49	5.19	4.04
9.34	8.04	3.04	ROCKLEY	10.41	5.11	3.56
9.43	8.13	3.13	DUNCANS	10.32	5.02	3.47
9.57	8.27	3.27	MAPLE BAY	10.18	4.48	3.33
10.07	8.37	3.37	CHEMAINUS	10.08	4.38	3.23
10.22	8.52	3.52	NANOSE	9.53	4.23	3.08
10.32	9.02	4.02	NANAIMO	9.43	4.13	2.58
P.M.	P.M.	P.M.		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
12.15	10.45	5.15	WELLINGTON	7.45	2.15	11.45

ON SATURDAYS, SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return not later than Monday evening.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for three days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a single fare, where such fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President.
JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. E. PRIOR, Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

RAILWAYS.

UNION PACIFIC

Tickets

ON SALE

—TO—

DENVER,

Omaha, Kansas City, Chicago,

ST PAUL, ST. LOUIS,

AND ALL POINTS

East, North and South.

UNION PACIFIC

RAILWAY.

STEAMERS.

Tacoma-Victoria Route.

Leave Tacoma.....10.00 a.m.
Leave Seattle.....10.00 a.m.
Leave Port Townsend.....7.00 a.m.
Arrive Victoria.....11.00 a.m.
Leave Victoria.....10.00 a.m.
Leave Port Townsend.....12.00 a.m.
Leave Seattle.....3.15 p.m.
Arrive Tacoma.....5.15 p.m.

Tacoma-Seattle Route.

Leave Tacoma—8.00 a.m.; 12.00 m.; *7.00 p.m.
Leave Seattle—8.30 a.m.; 12.00 p.m.; *4.00 p.m.

Boats leaving Tacoma 12.00 p.m. and Seattle at 3.00 a.m. and 4.00 p.m. land at Ben Molyneux.

Seattle-Olympia Route.

Leave Seattle	11.00 p.m.	Leave Olympia	*7.00 a.m.
Leave Tacoma	1.00 a.m.	Ar. Steilacoom	9.00 a.m.
Ar. Steilacoom	9.00 a.m.	Leave Tacoma	12.00 m.
Ar. Olympia	11.00 a.m.	Arrive Seattle	*7.00 p.m.

*Daily except Sunday. Sunday only. †Daily.

Whatcom, Semiahmoo and Blaine Route.

Stopping at all way landings.

Steamer leaves Seattle daily, except Saturday, for Whatcom at 11 a.m. Returning leaves Whatcom daily, except Sunday, at 3 p.m.

Leaves Whatcom for Seattle daily, except Saturday, 4 p.m. Arrives at Seattle same evening about 7 p.m.

Steamer leaves Seattle every Friday night for Whatcom and way landings, returning Saturday at 10 a.m. for Whatcom and Seattle.

RAIL LINE.

"The Overland Flyer" leaves Portland at 7 p.m. daily, and carries through Pullman Sleepers, Coaches, Free Chair Cars and Coaches between Portland and Denver, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Louis, St. Paul or Chicago.

"The Limited Fast Mail" leaves Portland at 7 a.m. daily, and carries Pullman Dining and Sleeping Cars between Portland and Chicago.

C. J. FISHER,
Freight and Passenger Agent
No. 100 Government street, Victoria.

FROM TERMINAL OR INTERIOR POINTS

—THE—

Northern Pacific

RAILROAD

Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of

DINING CARS, unsurpassed,

PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment,

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second class Tickets, and

ELEGANT DAY COACHES.

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent, or

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent,
121 First st., cor Washington, Portland, Or

G. G. CHANDLER,
General Agent,
Headquarters Building, Tacoma, Wash.

S. E. BLACKWOOD,
Freight and Passenger Agent,
Victoria, B.C.

je91

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

The only Transcontinental Line

—RUNNING—

SOLID TRAINS

FROM PACIFIC TO ATLANTIC COAST

—CONSISTING OF—

Palace, Sleeping and Parlor Cars, Elegant Day Coaches, Luxurious Dining Cars, Commodious Colonist Sleepers—the latter free.

THROUGH TICKETS

To St. Paul, Chicago, Detroit, Toronto, Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, St. John, New York, Boston, Portland, and all points in the United States and Canada, can be purchased at lowest rate than via any other line.

Passengers booked

To and from all European Points

For rates, maps and particulars, call on or address

A. CAMERON,
Agt. and Pass. Agent,
Government street, Victoria, B.C.

D. E. BROWN,
Asst. Gen. Agt. and Pass. Agent,
Vancouver.

nh88

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

—VIA—

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt. Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Allowance to Emigrant Wagons, affording superior accommodations and transportation for Emigrants.

For rates, tickets, sleepers and information apply, call upon or address

THOS. J. GANAHAN,
City Ticket Agent, No. 138 Second St., Cor. Morrison, Portland, Or.

E. P. ROBERTS,
Asst. Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the

Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,

At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week ..... 25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year $10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States, or Great Britain for $2.00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

MERCANTILE AND GENERAL BUSINESS ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted for a definite period of time will be charged for at the following rates:

One week	15 cts	per line
Two weeks	25	" "
One month	50	" "
Three months	$1	" "
Six months	$1 50	" "
One year	$2 75	" "

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., four lines or under, 25 cents for each insertion, and pro rata for longer space or longer time.

A "line" is a nonpareil line, similar to this type, twelve of which occupy one inch of space.

NOTICES of Births, $1.00; Marriages, $1.50; Deaths, $1.50; Deaths with funeral announcements, $2.00.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in brevier (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 20 cents a line for first insertion, and 12½ cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12½ cents for first insertion, and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

The above rates refer to any page except the first, which is reserved for reading matter and undisplayed advertisements.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Address

THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,

WM. TEMPLEMAN, Manager.

VICTORIA CITY ELECTION

The Opposition Candidates.

ROBERT BEAVEN,
JOHN GRANT,
GEORGE L. MILNE,
FRANK G. RICHARDS, Jr.

GOVERNMENT CANDIDATES PERSONALLY CONSIDERED.

Next Friday will tell the tale. Next Friday will be a very "black Friday" for the Government throughout this city and incidentally throughout the Province. If there is anything in records as showing the worth and worthlessness of men, not one of the Government candidates should be returned. The Government combination is a queer one to say the least. It is an attempt at coalescence of four repellant bodies, none of them rising to the degree of mediocrity.

Mr. DALBY is a negative man. Should he be elected the difference between him and a brazen image would be, that he would perpendiculalize his thumb of a volition born of gratitude to the Government for having brought him forward, whereas, in the case of the brazen image, that would have to be propped up when the Government required an assenting vote.

Mr. DUCK is too plastic. Mr. DUCK left to exercise his own discretion would manage, possibly, to make a decent record. The influences, however, which he labors under are malign, and as has just been stated, being of a plastic, puttyish composition, common prudence would seem to require that he be relegated to the prosaic sphere of private life. This city can no longer afford to be represented by men of his character. The member who will stultify himself reflects a slur on his constituency. Only self-respecting men have a proper respect for their constituents.

The other candidates, Messrs. TURNER and IRVING, are good men in their respective spheres, that is to say, the former on Wharf street cuts a respectable figure, while the latter is the beau ideal of the wheel-house. They are antitheses, both by occupation and temperament. One is bland, the other bluff. One on the street has a stiff deportment, the other typifies the rolling motion of the "rasty deep." Neither are personally fond of each other. Both, indeed, last fall, but for the conventionalities of polite society, would have torn each other in pieces like a pair of Kilkenny cats. Political exigencies have closed the breech between these two men, but how long will it last. There is an influence that doth shape political ends, rough hew them as JOHN ROBSON will, and shall we suppose, potential as this influence is, that the counting house magnate and the jolly tar will work harmoniously. Not by any means, and in view of such a dire contingency, for discord in the Government fold must necessarily react on the people, the people will do well to know both gentlemen better. Mr. TURNER's record in the House is one that a supporter of Government and as a guesser. In the latter capacity bearing in mind his penchant for Yankees, Mr. TURNER as a guesser is a distinguished failure. In the matter of the estimates he missed it by over $100,000. This utter inability to guess on the part of Mr. TURNER is not confined to pecuniary matters alone. It attends him in all the mazes of legislative legislation, of which the Attorney-General is he polite parrot. Those who will consult the journals of the House will find that Mr. TURNER has been invariably on the wrong side.

But the question arises, how will the Commodore behave when he discards the pea-jacket for the toga? He confesses that he knows nothing of single tax, and how should a man ignorant of that be able to follow the Premier, who is Craft itself? He who cannot or who has not mastered the salient principles of HENRY GEORGE, will have some difficulty in assimilating JOHN ROBSON. He will either have to oppose him or blindly follow him along with the rest of the gang. Shall we suppose that the Commodore would be so ungrateful as to pursue the former course? No! The Commodore will follow his master with the complacency and faith which distinguishes the records of the members for Cariboo and Lillooet. The Commodore should not be taken from his place on the quarter deck. There he is in his element. In the Senate House he would be like a cat in a strange garret.

THE $200 FINE.

Dr MILNE very properly took exception to the $200 deposit of candidates, which delectable measure has not yet received the criticism it deserves. The animus of the measure is too well known to require explanation here. It is sufficient to say that it is contrary to the spirit of our institutions, was conceived in sin, and brands every member who voted for it as a political coward, as ungenerous, as unfriendly to those who are not well off in the world's goods. It is a direct blow at the workingman, prohibiting his candidature, and it bears almost equally as heavily on the farmer class. If the working man and the farmer will consult their true interests, they will decline to support the men who voted for a measure designed to prevent any but monied men from running for office. The man who could conceive, and the men who could support such a measure, cannot by any stretch of the imagination be regarded as friends of the working classes, nor the country at large.

SITTING ON TACKS.

The Colonist is butting its head against single tax to no avail. We do not mean the single tax of HENRY GEORGE, but the kind of single tax on land which will force land speculators to either improve or sell. The Colonist treats the subject of single tax as enunciated by HENRY GEORGE as being an issue of the campaign, whereas it is not even an incidental feature of it. The single tax, however, which we have in mind, that which will minimize land speculation, is an issue, and so important is it regarded that the Westminster Truth has declared that it should seriously attract the attention of the Government. The inequalities of taxation under the present system has for years past engaged the attention of all thinking men irrespective of political bias, and the opinion is very general that the remedy lies in single, or, in other words, a land tax. The journal which attempts to make political capital out of the attitude of the Opposition on the question of taxation, distorting their meaning with reference to the acceptance of the doctrine of HENRY GEORGE, simply furnishes a boomerang against itself. The attitude of the Colonist on the question simply shows how desperate does the Government regard the situation.

MAYOR GRANT'S SPEECH.

Not one of the least in the phenomena of journalism is the difference of opinion as to the character of political speeches. It is alleged of Mayor Grant, by the Colonist, that "he wandered all over creation." Mayor Grant did cover a good deal of ground, it is true, but he indulged in no glittering generalities that he could not substantiate. Mayor GRANT's speech last Saturday night was not only one of the best he has made, but one of the best that has ever been made on a Victoria platform. It was just what a political speech should be, convincing without going into details. Mayor GRANT was in good speaking form; he was conclusive without being tedious; he made his meaning clear without being minute. A happy illustration has often the force of a proposition argued from premise to conclusion, and in illustrating the methods of the Government, the story of the dirty trick of the Attorney-General in keeping a citizen off the voters' list until it was too late for him to vote in this election, all because he had reason to suspect that he would cast his vote for the Opposition, gives a better insight into the character of the Government than an hour of laborious and solemn disquisition on some question of policy. Such a trick furnishes a key to the situation, and he who can vote for a Government, which as it would appear, is not ashamed of such a very, very, mean, of honor, has a strong stomach indeed.

MR. DUCK ON THE SUNDAY BILL.

Our morning contemporary is very much perturbed over the publication of a short oration on the Sunday Bill, delivered by Mr. DUCK in the Legislature in April, 1888. On that occasion Mr. DUCK took occasion to go several leagues out of his way for no other reason than to gratify a foolish desire to shake his fist at every church in Christendom. His eminent denunciation of "priests" and of "the most diabolical instruments of human torture," and to the "boring of tongues with hot irons," etc., are all fresh in the memory of those who have read the speech, which we reproduced a few days ago at the request of several persons. We have no desire to be too severe on Mr. DUCK for his ill-tempered zeal on this occasion, because we have a distinct recollection that he was handled without gloves by the Rev. Mr. FRASER at the time and that he proved unequal to the contest. He did not even attempt to show where he had obtained his knowledge of the Blue Laws of Connecticut, neither did he apologize to the public or the Legislature for quoting these purely mythical statutes in support of his argument. It would be expected that a legislator as pronounced in his denunciation as Mr. DUCK was on that occasion, would know what he was talking about. For the benefit of the Colonist we would say that Messrs. BEAVEN and GRANT did vote against the Sunday bill introduced at that time, but there is a difference between that course and that of a man who goes out of his way to slander the supposed promoters of it.

A FEW OF MR. DUCK'S VOTES.

On the 4th February, 1886, Hon. Mr. BEAVEN moved: "That this House is of opinion that the Public Accounts in detail, from 1st of July, to 31st December, 1885, should be printed and placed before members this session, in the same form as the accounts for the fiscal year are now printed in the sessional papers." This motion was lost and among the majority who voted to suppress information we find the name of Mr. DUCK.

On the 16th February, 1886, Mr. DUCK voted to exclude reporters from the Select Committee on Lands, thus for the second time showing his keen anxiety to keep facts from the public which in any other country are made public.

On the 4th March, 1886, Mr. DUCK said, by his vote, that the Government did right in selling land at English Bay as town and suburban lots which had not been surveyed, although such sale was contrary to the statute.

On the 24th February, 1888, Mr. DUCK voted against a resolution condemning Mr. J. H. TURNER for signing the famous Metlakahtla letter, which appealed "to the lovers of civil and religious liberty" in the United States, and advised the expatriation of a thousand souls from British Columbia. Mr. DUCK was willing to become a sharer in Mr. TURNER's disloyalty.

On the 5th April, 1888, Mr. DUCK voted in favor of the employment of Chinese in coal mines.

On the 16th April, 1888, Mr. DUCK voted for the special school tax upon the cities, and thus assisted in placing upon Victoria a permanent burden of $6000 annually. This vote alone should consign him forever to private life. He said in effect, "my constituents do not pay enough to the Provincial revenue—I will make them pay more." And he has succeeded in his full purpose.

On the 18th April, Mr. DUCK voted against a resolution in favor of the publication of quarterly statements of revenue and expenditure. Again Mr. DUCK did not want light.

On 25th February, 1889, Mr. DUCK voted against this motion: "That in the opinion of this House, the action of the Government in agreeing to adopt a report of a Select Committee of the House, and not subsequently carrying it into effect its recommendations, is incorrect."

On the 18th March, 1889, Mr. DUCK voted to give the Government power to suspend a teacher when in their discretion they thought proper.

The above is a black record. It does not include the votes of 1890, which will be given again.

Will Mr. DUCK be elected again, to repeat during the next four years the blunders of the past. We trow not.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The report that the Emperor of Germany is more seriously injured than was supposed from the effects of being thrown from his carriage, and that he has made arrangements for the Empress and Prince HENRY to succeed him as regents in the event of his death, or his being incapacitated for business, though probably without foundation, would, in the event of proving true, be a serious matter for Germany, and incidentally all Europe. Whatever may be said of the Emperor's despotic tendencies, he has shown a decided inclination to ameliorate the condition of labor in Germany. There is no disputing this. The Emperor is no charlatan, and it is to be hoped he will be spared to carry out his plans. The Germans desire a monarchy, and would regarded a misfortune. We apprehend that the death of Emperor WILLIAM would be little short of a calamity.

Use Pendray's Crescent stove polish for a "black shine." It simply beats all. Ask your grocer for it.

Baby Buggies, the finest and largest assortment in the city at low prices, from $9.50 up, at J. Sehl's 93 Government street.

Baby Carriages.

A fine line of baby carriages and cabs, at Shore & Anderson's, 107 Douglas street.

W. DALBY. C. G. BALLENTYNE. FRED J. CLAXTON.

Dalby, Ballentyne & Claxton

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HAVE ON THEIR LIST FOR SALE:

3 Acres and House on Garbally Road, price	$11,000
5¼ Acres on Saanich Road, Lake Hill District (Fine site for a country hotel)	1,000
6½ Acres, Esquimalt District	8,000
2 shares in syndicate on Fowl Bay Road	900
3 Lots on Gorge Road, 60 x 120, each	850
1 Acre on Oak Bay Avenue	1,800
1 Lot on Niagara Street, 56 x 120	750
1 Lot on Bellot Street	1,000
1 Lot on Scoresby Street	1,000
2 Lots on Cook Street, each	1,250
2 7-10 Acres and House on Victoria Harbor	7,000
House and Lot on Fernwood Road	1,200
2 Lots on Cedar Hill Road for	650
4 Lots on Pandora Avenue at	850
1 Lot on Pandora Avenue	550

Lots and Acres in Nelson, B.C., Port Angeles,

PORT CRESCENT, PORT TOWNSEND.

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F. G. Richards, Jr., Real Estate & Financial Broker

CITY PROPERTY A SPECIALTY.

SOME CHOICE LOTS ON VERY EASY TERMS IN THE FOLLOWING PARTS OF THE CITY:

James Bay, Work Estate, Spring Ridge, Gorge Road, Saanich Road, Victoria East, Fernwood Estate, Regent Park

INTEREST AND RENTS COLLECTED AND RETURNS MADE PROMPTLY.

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WORTH KNOWING, WHERE TO BUY CHEAPEST.

W. & J. WILSON

Are selling their splendid new stock of

SUITS, OVERCOATS, HATS, UNDERWEAR,

WATERPROOFS AND BOYS' CLOTHING, ETC.,

AT BEDROCK PRICES.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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Office over R. Jamieson's Book Store, GOVERNMENT STREET. m17-6m

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JAS. A. COHEN,

38 FORT STREET,

Having made extensive additions to his printing office, is now prepared to execute all kinds of Book, Job, News and Poster Printing, inferior to none produced in Victoria, at low prices.

Come and See the Electric Motor.

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KELLER & BURRIS,

Manufacturers of

SEWER PIPES, TERRA COTTA,

Drain Tile, Flower Pots, Vases, and other Earthenware.

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ICE FOR SALE.

600 TONS OF LAKE ICE FOR SALE, DELIVERED to all parts of the city. Orders supplied at short notice, telephone call 108, residence 65 Pembroke street.

my30-1m JAMES BAKER.

VERNON

The terminus of the Shuswap and Okanagan Railway, situated in the heart of the great wheat belt of this Province, at the head of navigation on Okanagan Lake, and the future Railway Centre of our great Interior, will be placed on the market within sixty days. my14-1m

SPECIAL FOR THE HOLIDAYS

SEE OUR IMMENSE STOCK OF

BOOTS and SHOES.

Tan Goods, Oxfords,
Tan Goods, Oxfords,
Tan Goods, Oxfords,
IN ENDLESS VARIETY.

Besides our usual large and well assorted stock of all descriptions of BOOTS AND SHOES.

J. FULLERTON, 103 GOVERNMENT STREET,

PEOPLE'S SHOE STORE.

May22

ESQUIMALT.

Meetings at Sooke and Parson's Bridge—Mr. Helgesen Gaining Every Day.

We are indebted to a gentleman in Sooke for the following:

A public meeting was held in the Sooke school house on Friday 6th at 7 p. m. Mr. Robt. Muir, sr., was voted to the chair, Mr. Murray acting as secretary. The Government candidates were first called upon, and after taking the floor, began sounding their own praises, saying they belonged to the progressive party, etc. Mr. Helgesen was then called forward and was well received. He reviewed the whole policy of the Government in an able manner and was frequently applauded. He took the Government to task for selling all the public lands and thereby depriving intending settlers from finding a home. He took strong exception to the Quartz Bill, also the Election Regulation Act and the manner in which the public works are done throughout the district; he also thought it was quite unnecessary for the Government to borrow money and raise taxes, as they had been in office during the golden harvest. In concluding, Mr. Helgesen made a strong appeal to the electors to ward off oppression, assert their rights, and to keep this a free and independent country, after which he left the stand amid great applause, apparently with the best wishes of the majority.

A meeting was also held at Parson's Bridge on Saturday the 7th inst. Mr. Arthur Peatt was elected chairman and Mr. H. Cogan secretary. The attendance was small. Speeches were made by Messrs. Higgins, Pooley and Helgesen.

There will be a meeting in Metchosin school house to-day. Mr. Helgesen is gaining ground every day.

NAUTICAL NOTES.

Items of Interest Along the Water Front—General Marine News.

The City of Puebla left for San Francisco yesterday morning.

The steamer Lottie brought down a scow load of coal yesterday.

The steamer Elder arrived from Alaska on Sunday morning and left at noon for the Sound.

The steamer City of Topeka arrived at the outer wharf yesterday morning and left at 11 o'clock last night for Alaska. She took several passengers and a few tons of freight from here and will take on 400 tons of coal at Departure Bay.

The little cannery steamer built at Clarke & Turple's ways for Capt. John Irving, was launched on Saturday evening and named after the cannery, "The Standard," that she is to be used in connection with. The steamer took the water very prettily and sailed out to the satisfaction of the builders and owners. The Standard when completed will cost the owners in the neighborhood of $15,000.

PERSONAL.

Movements of Well Known People in Various Directions.

W. Baillie-Groham is at the Driard.

Capt. Powers of Moodyville is in town.

Mr. Horne, merchant of Nanaimo, is in the city.

Joshua Davies returned from Vancouver last evening.

Capt. Jno. Irving and family were passengers from the Mainland last evening.

Capt. Urquhart and F. M. York returned from Vancouver by the Islander on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Adderley have returned from Nanoose Bay. Mr. Adderley says he had rare sport fishing salmon. He caught 73 lbs. in a few hours.

Miss Carrie Fraser, neice of the Rev. D. Fraser, leaves for her home in Pembroke, Ont., to-morrow. She will be accompanied by Miss McKenzie, who has been making an extended visit to Victoria.

THE LAND ACT VIOLATED.

To the Editor of the Colonist:—In your article in Sunday's Colonist commenting on my remarks at the meeting of the Opposition Candidates on Saturday evening last, you say:

"F. G. Richards, Jr., last night, in his little speech pointed out the iniquity (to him) of John Irving being among a number who applied for a large tract of land. This is decidedly amusing, for if the Government Gazette is consulted for the past two years it will be found that this high-souled F. G. Richards, Jr., is the applicant for many thousands of acres of land."

Inasmuch as the statement made by you is contrary to facts, and if allowed to go uncontradicted is calculated to do me an injustice, I feel sure you will be only too glad to give the same publicity to this as you did to your article above referred to.

I desire to say that I am not the fortunate owner of many thousands of acres of land, and I defy any person to show that I have at any time applied for more than 640 acres of land in any one location, and I also challenge anyone to show that any and all applications that I have at any time made have not been strictly in accordance with the requirements of the provisions of the Land Act.

Now, sir, if you will refer to section 29 of the Land Act you will find the mode of acquiring Crown lands, clearly and positively laid down as follows: The land must first be staked by placing a stake at least four inches square and not less than four feet above the surface of the ground at an angle of the land to be applied for, inscribing thereon the name of the applicant and the angle of the land represented thereby. The application must be left for a period of two months in the Government Gazette and in some newspaper circulated in the district wherein the land lies, notice of his intended application, a copy of which must be posted in some conspicuous place on the land sought to be acquired, and except such initial post is so planted before the above notice is given all the proceedings taken by the applicant shall be void.

Clause 29 further provides as follows: "Provided always that it shall not be lawful to survey or sell any lands under authority of this section in such manner as to dispose of a less quantity than 160 acres meaning 40 chains by 40 chains (except where such area cannot be obtained) nor more than 640 acres, meaning 80 chains by 80 chains.

Now, sir, I stated at the meeting on Saturday evening, "that I was opposed to the granting of large tracts of land to speculators unless the full requirements of the Lands Act were complied with." It may be of interest to you, sir, to learn that within the last seven months notices of intention to apply for over three hundred thousand acres of land have appeared in the Government Gazette, and of that large amount less than sixty thousand acres have been located according to law and the requirements of the Act, and should any person see fit to test the validity of any of the remaining applications they would, beyond a question of doubt, be declared null and void by any judge of the Supreme Court. I may mention that a certain application for 1460 acres of land at Fort Simpson is now being contested on similar grounds.

You may say that I am setting myself up as a legal adviser. No, sir. If any man of ordinary intelligence will take the trouble to read the Land Act he can come to no other conclusion; and if you choose to refer to the legal opinion given on this point by the late Attorney-General, Mr. A. E. B. Davie, you will find that gentleman gave it as his opinion as legal adviser to the Crown for the guidance of the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, that the latter officer could not legally dispose of more that six hundred and forty acres of land in any one location. Yet in the face of that we find the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works almost daily disposing of large tracts of land in direct violation of the statutes.

I would advise the parties applying for Government lands to look well into the matter and make sure that they have fully complied with all the requirements of the Land Act, or they may find themselves over after they are possessed of crown grants to the lands, and when they least expect it, tangled up in a costly case of litigation.

F. G. Richards, Jr.

[Note.—The above letter was refused publication by the Colonist. The organ is afraid of the truth, and is so partizan that after misrepresenting a speaker, refuses to publish an explanation by the person misrepresented.

MR. DUCK ON THE SUNDAY BILL.

To the Editor:—I was pleased that you had produced in your paper a portion of Mr. Duck's noted speech on the Sunday Bill. I had heard considerable about it, and was anxious to see it. Surely, our community, which may fairly be called a Christian one, must feel that Mr. Duck paid them no great compliment when he said: "That it is surprising to find a man or set of men not only willing but eager to control and trample on the inherent rights and privileges of their fellow men." Mr. Duck's opinion of the Sunday, or those who believe on the sacredness of the Sabbath day, must be a very poor one indeed, when he thinks that Christians or Christianity tramples on the rights of men. If this is a sample of our legislators it is high time that we should look around, and see whether we cannot select men of clearer ideas of the Sabbath day and the duties pertaining thereto.

There are other portions of the speech to which I might refer, but the whole tenor of it is an insult to the Christian community in which we dwell, and should have the condemnation of everyone.

The electors have it in their own hands to say whether such men should represent us in the Local Parliament and it is to be hoped that on the 18th inst., Mr. Duck will be consigned to that place to which he rightly belongs, and not to the position as a representative of the people in our Local Legislature.

Churchman.

MONOPOLY AND PROGRESSION.

To the Editor.—How is it the Colonist abuses Mr. Grant about the Single Tax question and never a word about one of its own candidates, who pointedly said he would use his influence in getting it for the people if there was anything in it. Capt. Irving did more towards securing his election by the few remarks he made on it than he would have done if he had harrangued us for hours on all other diplomatic subjects under the sun. Mr. Grant said it appeared to him to contain a just principle if it could be placed on a fair and equitable basis and required consideration, which is a very different thing to saying, it is a just and equitable basis of taxation. Neither of the gentlemen committed themselves further than saying they would study the question of Single Tax, and if good for us workingmen, they would uphold it.

Again the Colonist asks, Who are the monopolists? Well, my idea of the monopolists is, men who lay up enormous acreage from the government to keep us from getting it, rich companies who close down mines, throwing large numbers of miners out of employment and distressing whole families rather than yield to their trifling requests; such people are monopolists. Over the principal entrance of the Royal Exchange, London, Eng., are these words: "The earth is the Lords' and the fulness thereof." It is I believe a text of scripture placed there at the request of the late Prince Consort. Let monopolists ponder over them.

The antagonistic word of monopoly is progression, as examples I give, bringing the E. & N. Railway into Victoria, giving the farmers of the Fraser river district seed corn to grow to start flour mills in Victoria, extending the outer wharf to benefit our shipping trade, laying out the park for the recreation of young and old, and giving us workingmen nine hours as a day's work instead of ten hours. Each of these instances are instances of promoters, and not only do they benefit the promoters but they also benefit us and we appreciate them. "The liberal soul shall be made fat." Monopoly is a great but progression is a blessing to any country.

A Workingman.

Midnight Adieu Picnic.

The Victoria Transfer Company's bus Young America, with about 50 members of the Midnight Adieu Dancing Club, went down to Langford Plains yesterday morning, where a generally good time was had by those present. The usual picnic games were indulged in, and of course the usual mishaps that tend to make a crowd of young folks happy, occurred. The party spent the whole day on the plains, arriving home at about 9:30 last evening.

"Lincrusta Walton," the most popular of all wall decorations at John Weller's 51 to 55 Fort street.

CHASE & SANBORN'S
THE ARISTOCRATIC COFFEE OF AMERICA
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JAVA & MOCHA
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ALWAYS PACKED IN 2 lb TIN CANS
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QUININE WINE!
The Best Appetizer and Tonic Known.
SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHER PREPARATIONS
IN SUCH DISEASES AS
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FOR SALE IN VICTORIA.
UPPER BELCHER STREET, near the residences of Mr. Dumbleton and Major Peters—lots from one and a half to three acres. A magnificent view of the Straits, Islands and Olympian Range.
BEACON HILL PARK. A few choice lots at a low figure and on easy terms.
H. E. CROASDAILE, - 42 FORT STREET.

New Goods! -:- New Styles.
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Clothiers and Hatters
97 JOHNSON STREET
Good Value! Low Prices! Splendid Assortment Boys' Suits!
March 25-dw

CAUTION.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will not be responsible for any debts contracted in his name without a written order for same, from this date. jun1-1m
Victoria, June 3, 1890. JOSEPH LEVY.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Islander from Vancouver—R A Ruckett, W J Korfoot, H Findlay, A Cheesman, Joshua Davies, Capt Irving, Mrs Capt Irving, nurse and children, Chas Wilson T W Carter, Mark Green, Mrs W H Armstrong Miss Woodrowe, Miss Carmichael, Miss Ida Carmichael, A Cameron, H Gall, Mrs Webster Capt Drummart, S Silverman, Capt Powers Jas Hendry, Geo T Oliver, J A Graham, F M York, H Tibby, Mrs Tibby, W Baillie Grohman, Thos Hopkins, A S Rapperlie, Geo J P Tempelmn, T McCombie, M Gillis.

CONSIGNEES.

Per the Steamer Islander from Vancouver—Shore & Anderson, E G Prior, M W Waitt & Co, W J Jeffers, J Maynard, Albion Iron W., J Piercy, H P Ritcher & Co, Simon Leiser, F J Claxton, F Norris, A H Erskine, J T Phoenix, Ames Holden & Co, Eli Young & Co, J Partridge, E B Marvin, R A Brown, Hy Saunders, J Piercy & Co, Warnock Hack & Co, T W Fletcher, Van Volkenburgh, Cox Kor, Dominion Express Co.

A BY-LAW

To Further Amend the Revenue By-Law, 1889.

WHEREAS it is expedient to further amend the Revenue By-Law, 1889;

BE IT ENACTED by the Mayor and Council of the City of Victoria as follows:

By adding after section 10, schedule A of the said by-law the following section: "10a. Every person carrying on the business of a fur trader or fur dealer, $50 for every six months."

By adding after the figures "10" in the next line of said section 10, schedule A, of the said by-law, the words and figures "and 10a," and by striking out the word "and" preceding the said figures "10."

By adding after section 11 of the said schedule A of the said by-law the following sections, "11a," Every proprietor or manager of any theatre for each exhibition $10 "11b." Every express company, gas company, telephone company, electric light company, street railway or tramway company, $50 for every six months. 11c. Every investment and loan society, $50 for every six months.

This by-law may be cited as the "Revenue By-Law Amendment By-Law, 1890."

Passed the Municipal Council the 14th day of May, A.D. 1890.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council this twenty-first day of May, A. D. 1890.

(L.S.) JOHN GRANT, Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C. m22

MUNICIPAL.

THE ATTENTION OF PARTIES INTERESTED is hereby called to Section 1 of the "Johnson Street Sewer By-law 1890," which reads as follows:

"It shall not be lawful for any person or persons to make or construct any drain or sewer to connect with the water way known as Johnson Street Ravine, and all private sewers now connecting with the said ravine shall be within thirty days (30) after the passage of this By-law filled up and obstructed."

Persons having such sewerage connection to their premises are hereby notified to make good and thorough drainage connection forthwith either directly, or by lateral drain, with the Johnson Street Sewer, under the superintendence of the Drainage Committee, as the Board of Aldermen on behalf of the Corporation of the City of Victoria hold themselves free from damage or loss in case any party or parties fail to observe the conditions of the "Johnson Street Sewer By-law 1890."

Any violation of the provisions of the above by-law will be dealt with according to law.

By order
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Hall, May 13, 18 my14

NOTICE.

Any person wishing a copy of the consolidated by-laws of the Corporation of the City of Victoria can obtain the same at the City Hall upon payment of $2.00.

By order
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER.
City Hall, May 28, 1890. my28-td

FLOWERS.

Orders for flowers if left at Henry Clay's, 39 Fort street, will be filled at very reasonable rates. my12-1m

Fancy Goods! Fancy Goods!
We have just received by the last steamer a large assortment of China and Japan bazaar goods and a full line of
Embroidered Silk Handkerchiefs,
SHAWLS, SATIN SCREENS,
MORNING GOWNS.
—ALSO—
Porcelain Tea Sets,
Colored Mattings,
Tea, Bronze and Sandalwood Goods,
WHICH WE WILL SELL AT
THE LOWEST PRICES
Hoping you will give us a call, we remain very respectfully yours,
KING TYE CO., 8 Cormorant Street,
VICTORIA, B. C.
my14-3m

IF YOU WANT

ANYTHING
IN SILVERWARE, TRY
DAVIDSON BROS.
35 YATES STREET

SEED OATS.
A LIMITED QUANTITY
For Sale by
BRACKMAN & KER,
125 Gov't Street.

G. A. McTAVISH
Has at his store
-::-ON PARK ROAD-::-
A choice assortment of
VEGETABLE
AND
FLOWER SEEDS.
Fancy Seed of the very best strain procurable, personally selected while in Scotland from the stock of the largest Prize Winner in Great Britain.
Special Prizes will be offered at the Fall Exhibition of the B. C. Agricultural Society for the best flowers raised from this seed.
STORE AND NURSERY,
PARK ROAD, VICTORIA

REFRIGERATORS,
Ice Cream Freezers,
LEMON SQUEEZERS,
Carpet - Sweepers,
Oil Stoves, etc., etc.
McLENNAN & McFEELY,
70 YATES STREET.

JOHN MESTON,

CARRIAGE MAKER
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Government street, between Johnson and Pandora streets.
VICTORIA, B. C.

NOTICE TO GAS CONSUMERS.

Gas will be supplied to Gas Engines, Gas Stoves and high-power Gas Lamps for outside use at $1.25 per thousand feet.

High power Gas Lamps of 300 candle power and upwards will be supplied at a moderate rental.

For further particulars apply at the company's office, Langley street.

C. W. R. THOMSON,
Sec'y Victoria Gas Co., Limited.
nov15-3m

Patronize Home Manufacture.
Field and Lawn Rollers,
Garden Wheelbarrows,
THE BEST IN THE MARKET.
Just received, a fine assortment of the best Drill Steel, cheap.
Rollers and Drills for Hire at
ONTARIO WAGON SHOP,
William Powell.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. To wear monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Cheapest, safest, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers, or inclose price, $1, in letter to us, or inclose price, $1 for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., Detroit, Mich. For Sale by LANGLEY & Co., Victoria. nov19-1

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION.
A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS TEST. It has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Want of Energy, Want of Memory, Wakefulness and Nervous Headache, Pain in the Back, Dim Vision, Premature Old Age, Nervous Debility, Impotency, Sleeplessness, Spermatorrhœa, Leucorrhœa, Emissions, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, Lost Manhood, Exhausted Vitality, Wasting Diseases, Consumption, Insanity, Premature Decay, Loss of Power in Either Sex, Involuntary Losses, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Wakefulness

FULFILL YOUR PROMISES.

Hints to Young Business Men About the Value of a Good Reputation.

There is no lesson the young business man needs to learn more thoroughly than the value of good reputation and good credit. These cannot be won and kept by false pretenses of any kind, but must be earned by a strict observance of contracts, agreements and promises. The man whose word is "as good as his bond" is the man who has inspired confidence in himself by always doing that which he has promised to do. He is also, as a rule, cautious about entering into obligations, chary about making promises that he may not be able to fulfill. If too prodigal in the latter respect one cannot hope to keep faith at all times.

A man who is or intends to be honest sometimes loses credit and reputation simply because he is too hopeful. Counting with too great confidence on uncertainties, he makes promises that he cannot fulfill because of the failure of the event on which they were predicted. He voluntarily fixes the date for the payment of a debt, and finds too late something has gone wrong, so that he cannot meet his obligation. Such an accident may happen any man. Upon the way in which he meets the unexpected trouble depends how his reputation shall stand afterwards. If he can fulfill his promise at any personal sacrifice he should do so; failing that, he should endeavor to keep his word by borrowing elsewhere, thus gaining time for the final discharge of his obligation.

But if he cannot do either he should go as soon as possible to his creditor and secure an extension by frankly telling him the state of affairs, thus renewing instead of breaking his promise. The one essential thing to do is to keep good faith, or come as near to it as possible. The worst possible course is to let time run on until his creditor begins to press him on an obligation long overdue. It is too late then for explanations or renewals. His credit is gone, his reputation is broken down. His after promises are distrusted, though they may be grudgingly accepted.

He may for years after thus shattering faith in himself pay promptly and keep his word, but there will remain the lingering feeling of distrust born of one failure to keep faith or to explain in advance the reasons why it could not be kept. An engagement of any kind should be held sacred, and thus good reputation, which is of slow growth, may be gradually built up, for he who keeps his word at all times becomes respected and is trusted. The young man cannot learn too early in life his responsibility to himself and others. He is to make his reputation by what he says and does, and at the outset should have a high regard for truth, which carries with it honesty and insures a prompt and complete fulfillments of all engagements.

He should not allow a careless habit in money matters to grow upon him, but should pay all his bills promptly. There is an implied promise to pay at the end of the month, or when the bill may be presented, even though there has been no engagement to do so made in so many words, and it is good practice to keep these implied as well as other promises with scrupulous care. Such a course will in time establish a reputation whose value cannot be measured by money, besides developing useful habits and keeping one free from oppressive and grinding debts.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Renting a Dress Suit.

"What does it cost to rent a dress suit?"

The question came from a shabby genteel young man who dropped in on a prominent costumer of Detroit.

"What do you want to use it for, sir?" queried the dealer, blandly.

"Party."

"Dancing party?"

"Yes, sir."

"For one night $3. That is the price of a full suit—trousers, coat and vest. Without the trousers I will knock off $1. Do you want a suit now, sir?"

"Want it next week."

"Well, that's lucky. All orders for this week are gone."

"Does anything go with the suit?" queried the young man, softly.

"In what way?"

"Shoes, collar, shirt, necktie?"

"No, sir."

"Can you furnish the whole complete?"

"For double the price, yes, sir; patent leathers and all for double the price."

"Diamond?"

"A large sparkler for your shirt 50 cents extra. There, that's just right, $6.50. Thank you, sir. I'll have a first class outfit ready the day you mention."

"Big trade?" queried the reporter as the customer disappeared.

"Well, rather," said the dealer, smiling. "Thirty suits let out for that same affair already. His order makes thirty-one."—Detroit Free Press.

Horseshoeing in Holland.

The method of shoeing horses in Holland is a novel one. The animal is driven into a stout frame cage; the three feet on the ground are hobbled so that no kicking can be indulged in, then the foot that is to be shod is lifted to the desired position and lashed fast to a stout cross bar so that the smith can work at it from all sides, as though it was held in a vise on a work bench. These docile horses submit to being so bound, but an American or English horse would in most cases resist until he was ruined if attempted. The cost of an entire set of new shoes is three guilders, or $1.20. American nails were used, although the shoes were of local manufacture.—Detroit News.

His Fortune's Foundation.

Marshall Jewell, of Connecticut, made a good portion of his great fortune while minister to Russia. The story runs that he bribed a servant to give him the secret of the manufacture of Russia leather. With it he returned to America and became a wealthy man by making Russia leather in America.—Exchange.

Flower Industry.

If the professional business man believes that the business of flowers is an inconsiderable one, and that they are used entirely by people who are getting married or getting out of the world altogether, let him step into a rose market in Twenty-third street some afternoon between 3 and 4 o'clock. When he reaches there first he will find everything about as quiet as it well could be. By 4 o'clock, when the carts drive up filled with boxes of flowers shipped from out of town rose farms and flower farms, just arrived at piers and railroad depots by express, everything immediately takes on a very confused and animated appearance. A dozen clerks and the proprietor appear simultaneously from nobody knows where, and the boxes, containing layer upon layer of baskets filled with all varieties of roses, picked early that morning, are unpacked. In packing, the roses are carefully placed with the first layer of stems running one way, reversing the order on the next layer, and so on to the top of the basket. By this time the room is filled with men anxious to procure the first pick and the choicest variety, and they bargain as closely, with as total an oblivion to all their fragrance and beauty, as if the goods were the most ordinary cloth or cotton.—New York World.

Didn't Want Millet to See It.

S. R. Callaway, a prominent officer of the Grand Trunk railroad, was, some years ago, connected with a western road, and necessarily spent much of his time where his western interests lay. Out there he met Millet, the artist. Mr. Callaway and the painter came together on a hunting trip and became quite intimate, which resulted in the railway man inviting the artist to make a visit at his home. The invitation was accepted and the two started homeward. Just before reaching the city where he lived Mr. Callaway went into a telegraph office and wired to his wife: "Millet, the artist, is coming home with me for a few days' visit; take that chromo out of the dining room."—Chicago Herald.

A Pretty Parlor Experiment.

A very simple apparatus for obtaining an electric spark is made by a German physicist. Round the centre of a common lamp chimney is pasted a strip of tin foil, and another strip pasted from one end of the chimney to within a quarter of an inch of this ring. Then a piece of silk is wrapped round a brush, and the interior of the chimney is rubbed briskly. In the dark a bright electric spark may be seen to pass from one piece of tin foil to the other each time the brush is withdrawn from the chimney. Many other experiments can be tried with this apparatus.—New York Telegram.

A Warning.

MR. EDITOR,—It is a well-known fact that the majority of people are inclined to look upon a cold in the head as a matter of little importance—involving at the most only a temporary inconvenience. No more disastrous mistake was ever made. The neglected cold in the head is the source of the catarrhal affections with which about seven-tenths of the people of this country are afflicted, and catarrh itself is too often the preliminary stages to consumption and death. The symptoms of catarrh are manifold, but among them may be mentioned, offensive breath; dull, oppressive headache; offensive droppings from the nostrils into the throat and bronchial tubes; deafness or partial deafness; constant hawking and spitting; weak and watery eyes; a hacking cough and feeling of general debility; ringing in the ears and frequent dizziness. These are but a few of the more general symptoms, and those who experience them should lose no time in applying a remedy. Delays are proverbially dangerous, and in the case of this too prevalent disease may lead to death. We offer Nasal Balm to the public as a positive cure for cold in the head and for catarrh in all its forms and stages. Nasal Balm has been tested in thousands of cases, and the testimonials in our possession prove that it is all we claim for it. It has cured other sufferers, it will cure you. It is easy to use, pleasant and agreeable and does not require a douche, or any torturing instrument to apply it. Give it a trial and be convinced of its great efficacy. Sold by all dealers or sent post free on receipt of price 50c. for small or $1 for large size bottles by addressing Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont. daw

—THE—

WHITE HOUSE

BLOUSES.

Just Received

BY EXPRESS

LADIES' BLOUSES.

A FULL RANGE OF SIZES IN

White and Colors

FROM

50 Cts. UPWARDS.

H. Young & Co

may19

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Government. Endorsed by the heads of the great Universities as the Strongest, Purest and Most Healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Ammonia, Lime or Alum. Sold only in Cans.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.
NEW YORK, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, SAN FRANCISCO.

TO ABBOTSFORD.

From Vancouver | Via Mission-Sumas Branch of C. P. R.

From Seattle | Via Lake Shore and Eastern Railway.

apl7

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M.D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

FISH'S

COMPOUND

EXTRACT

SARSAPARILLA AND OREGON GRAPE

FOR THE

LIVER AND BLOOD

The Best Spring Medicine Known,

(Compounded solely from herbs.)

THOMAS FISH, Herbalist and Chemist

86 BLANCHARD STREET, BETWEEN PANDORA AND JOHNSON.

Pupil of the late Saml. Jno. Stratford, M.D., M.R.C.S., Eng.
Over 20 years experience in medicines.

LOTS, LOTS!

FOR SALE.

Esquimalt Road and Cadboro Bay Road—Fort Street Extension.

Good Water. Excellent Drainage. No Dust.
Electric Light. Electric Tramway.

ESQUIMALT ROAD.—We have for disposal a number of most eligible building sites on this well known property, which is situated on the south side of the Esquimalt Road, a great advantage in the Summer season, owing to the absence of dust. The property being near the sheltered cove of West Bay enables residents to avail themselves of the pleasures pertaining to a seaside resort.

CADBORO BAY ROAD (FORT STREET EXTENSION). Adjoining the private property of B. W. Pearse, Esq., and commanding a magnificent view of Mount Baker, San Juan Island and the Straits of Fuca; having city water and being on the principal line of the Electric Tramway will enable residents to combine the advantages of country with city life and its conveniences. This exceptionally desirable property has been under cultivation for some years but is now laid down to grass. The soil is unsurpassed for garden purposes.

Terms, one-third cash, balance 6 and 12 mos., at 7 per cent.

OR—Ten (10) per cent. discount for cash.

Special inducements offered to purchasers engaging to build.

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.

jan15-6m

FOWL BAY.

T. G. RAYNER has 150 Lots and half-acre Blocks for sale, the lay of which is unsurpassed for beauty of scenery. Call early and we will drive you out to see it.

We have also a complete list of desirable properties in farms building lots, five and ten acre blocks and can furnish you with a first-class investment.

T. G. RAYNER,

Stock and Share Broker. Trounce Avenue.

NEW SUMMER

Dress Goods

RECEIVED THIS DAY AT

THE WESTSIDE

New Broche and Checked Lustrines,
Brilliant Alpacas,
Fancy French Foulles,
New Shades in Henriettas,
Black Silk, Broche and Plain Grenadines,
India Cashmere and Foulle.

ALSO

Mantles, Jackets, Jerseys, Dustwraps, Dressing Gowns, &c.

ALSO BLACK SILK NEEDLE RUN LACE SCARFS FROM $2.50 TO $15 EACH, BEAUTIFUL GOODS.

Also White and Colored Embroidered Handkerchiefs

PRETTY AS A PICTURE.

ALSO PARASOLS.

Some more to hand. As these have arrived absurdly late, we propose to sell our whole stock at 25 per cent. off regular prices.

THE WESTSIDE.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

June 4

LIST OF PROPERTY

On which taxes have been due and unpaid for two years and upwards and which will be sold on the first day of September, 1890, at the City Hall, Victoria, at 12 o'clock noon in pursuance of the Victoria Real Estate Tax Sale By-law, 1890, unless in the meantime the arrears of taxes and costs due in respect of each lot in the schedule hereunder written be paid.

LOT.	BLOCK.	AMOUNT OF TAXES.	COSTS.	TOTAL.
19	12	$576 80	$63 44	$640 24
E. two thirds 24	3	67 20	7 40	74 60
One-half 25	3	89 10	9 80	98 90
W. one-half 26	3	122 80	13 50	136 30
33	3	51 00	5 61	56 61
Part 87	26	70 38	7 73	78 11
145	V	124 08	13 64	137 72
377	4	117 20	12 89	130 09
Part sub. 4 of 618, 619	M	31 00	3 41	34 41
Part sub 8 of 602, 603	M	33 44	3 68	37 12
East part 876	J	27 56	3 03	30 59
East one-half 878	J	37 30	4 10	41 40
940	42	48 60	5 34	53 94
991	9	75 00	8 25	83 25
992	9	36 60	4 03	40 63
993	9	22 20	2 44	24 64
997	17	35 50	3 90	39 40
1007	17	23 40	2 57	25 97
Sub. 13 of 1257	T	46 80	5 15	51 95
Sub. 8 of 1694	56	7 60	84	8 44
Sub 34 of 1694	56	10 50	1 15	11 65
Sub. 4 of 1772	61	27 50	3 03	30 53
WORK ESTATE.				
4	D	21 90	2 41	$24 31
10	W	77 60	8 54	86 14
SPRING RIDGE.				
A	64	6 00	66	6 66
B	64	6 00	66	6 66
7	69 to 72	3 90	43	4 33
8	"	3 90	43	4 33
9	"	4 80	53	5 33
10	"	4 80	53	5 33
11	"	6 90	76	7 66
12	"	3 90	43	4 33
17	"	3 90	43	4 33
18	"	3 90	43	4 33
19	"	42 00	4 62	46 62
20	"	24 90	2 73	27 63
43	73	3 60	40	4 00
48	"	44 90	4 94	49 84
51				
FINLAYSON ESTATE.				
1	B	48 00	5 28	53 28
2	B	68 20	7 50	75 70
3 ACRE LOTS.				
One-half of Sub 23	II	18 30	2 03	20 33
Part Sub. E	V	17 00	1 87	18 87
Sub. 1	E ½ VI	11 20	1 23	12 43
" 2	"	10 20	1 13	11 33
" 3	"	10 00	1 10	11 10
" 11	"	10 00	1 10	11 10
" 12	"	10 00	1 10	11 10
" 13	"	10 00	1 10	11 10
" 5	XIII	7 00	80	7 80
" 45	"	83 80	9 22	93 02
" 46	"	60 50	6 65	67 15
" 51	"	82 10	9 03	91 13

City Hall, Victoria, June 2, 1890. CHARLES RENT, Collector.

The Daily Times.

CITY AND PROVINCIAL.

ATTAR OF ROSES.

Why Not So Made Here in the Land of Roses?

The foregoing question is one which will sooner or later receive a practical answer in this province. The opinions on the subject given to a reporter by a Mr. Parkinson of Tacoma will be of interest. He says, regarding the cultivation of roses for commercial purposes: "The rose flourishes here in such profusion, is so prolific and of such exquisite odors, that I am convinced that the preparation of attar of roses and the manufacture of perfumes could be made a very profitable industry. Roses here are not annoyed by any pestilential parasite to retard their growth and destroy their odors, but will, with very little care and cultivation, provide a sure and profitable crop."

"Attar of roses is a very costly article, so costly in fact that it runs way up into the hundreds of dollars per pound. This is due to the fact that 2000 pounds of rose leaves properly treated yield but one pound of the attar. Aside from the attar, the preparation of a potpourri composed of rose leaves of different odors can be made as profitable as any one interested may learn by buying a pound at any of the city drug stores.

"Aside from these there are numerous toilet preparations, having for their basis the perfume of the rose, which command a ready sale. Their manufacture would involve the distillation of alcohol, or its purchase in large quantities. In the manufacture of most American perfumes, by reason of its costliness, but little attar of roses is used, substitutes of a baser nature being made.

"My idea is, that if the growth of roses can be successfully conducted, the importation of the rarer perfumes will almost cease, and this country will become as famous for its perfumes as France. In fancy I see broad acres of scented blossoms beeding and nodding, while red-cheeked maidens and ruddier youths gather them and bear them to the factory where they pass through the various manipulations and return to furnish the youths and maidens of the city with a borrowed perfume.

"I am going to start in with half an acre at Tacoma and undertake to prepare them for the market. I am now studying up the subject and expect to carry the project through to a successful consummation."

ALASKA NEWS.

The Steamer Geo. W. Elder Arrives From Sitka—Mining Business Dull.

The steamer Geo. W. Elder arrived down from the north yesterday at 3:40 a. m., having left Sitka June 2nd. A pleasant trip was had, the weather being clear and calm. She brings the following news notes:

The steamer Queen was passed early Thursday morning bound north.

The steamers Barbara Boscowitz and Cosmopolis were passed south of Cape Mudge on Saturday bound south.

The U. S. S. Pinta was met at Wrangel with the Governor of Alaska on board, who was making an official tour.

The steamer Alaska has been away up the Stickeen river for some time from Wrangel. Her stay has been much longer than usual, but no uneasiness is caused by her absence.

Business in Alaska is reported as rather dull in mining operations, and although several new canneries have been started, the fishing interest is not so brisk as it was last year.

On May 24th the whaling bark Emma Hevimen put into Sitka, with the first officer in charge, Capt. Brooks having died at sea on the passage from Honolulu. The remains were interred at Sitka, and the wife and daughter of the late commander came down on the Elder on their way east to friends.

INTERIOR ITEMS.

News Notes Collated From the Mountain District Press.

[From the Revelstoke Star.]

A meeting was held here last week to select a site for a school house, and after the matter had been discussed, it was decided that a site near the base ball grounds was the most suitable.

Wilson's pack train reached Revelstoke last Monday evening, having made its first round trip to Big Bend taking about ten days, although one day was lost by rain. The trail was in fair condition, being entirely clear of snow. The train has since left with a big load.

Mr. O. H. Allen, son of Ald. Allen, the well known brewer of Toronto, has decided to locate in Revelstoke and establish business in his line. One of the principal outputs will be four per cent. beer to supply the demands from the Territories.

A government sale of lots takes place at Nelson June 25.

The river front is crumbling every day from the effects of high water, and whenever snows melt or rains occur to soften the sandy and gravelly soil of which it is composed. Something will have to be done to stop the encroachments of the river.

The Government has established a polling place at Sproat, which has boomed into prominence since railroad construction began.

Railroading is proceeding steadily near Sproat and one can form no idea of the difficulty of carrying on such a work so far from its base of supply, and without telegraphic communication, but the rapid trips of the Kootenai make up in a measure for these drawbacks.

The latest arrival from Nelson reports that a crusher has been erected at the Blue Bell and is working admirably well.

A band of 400 cattle are on their way in from the Okanagon district.

[From the Kamloops Sentinel.]

The assizes opened at Kamloops on Monday last, Mr. Justice Walkem presiding. After the grand jury and petit jury had been called and sworn, the trial of Spenser for the murder of Foster in 1887, was proceeded with. Three witnesses only were examined, their evidence being strongly against the prisoner. The judge charged the jury strongly against the prisoner, and in a short time they returned a verdict of guilty. His lordship sentenced the prisoner to be hanged at Kamloops on Monday, July 21st next.

The sports and games committee of the St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society have completed arrangements for a two days' celebration at Kamloops, commencing Tuesday, July 1st. The first day will be taken up entirely with Caledonian and other games, and the second will be given to horse racing.

The community during the present week has been overrun with legal talent from different parts of the province.

The business of the Court on Tuesday was taken up in hearing evidence in a breach of promise case—Smith vs. Roadley. The jury awarded the plaintiff $3,000. The claim was for damages to the amount of $10,000.

VANCOUVER POLITICS.

Messrs. F. C. Cotton and Sam. Greer the Favorites—"In a Horse" Candidate.

VANCOUVER, B. C., June 7.—The very atmosphere has been heated with election matters here for the past week and the number of pledges and platforms that each and all the candidates have manufactured and sprung upon the unsuspecting voter, would occupy too much time and space to chronicle. However, upon one thing they are all agreed, viz., "that if elected they will do all in their power to advance the interests of themselves. No, no—their constituents, of course." The man most profuse with gush is J. W. Horne, who has exhausted every available means to impress the electors with his intentions. The very walls of the city are placarded with sheet posters, each one containing a motto of what he will do should he get there, but it is doubted among those who should know. No out and out supporter of John Robson could be elected for Vancouver city. "For ways that are dark" this gentleman has long been known by those who have taken the trouble to ascertain, and his record for recklessness and mismanagement of Provincial affairs is proverbial. However, it is only at election seasons that the average voter takes interest enough in public affairs to look into this and get a slight insight as to how the country is governed and it may be said with truth that there never was a time in the history of British Columbia, that a deeper and truer interest was manifested in this respect. It is to be hoped that the result of this aroused anxiety will make the public doubly careful in the selection of their representatives as the return again to power of such an unscrupulous man as the present Premier would be a serious blow to the prosperity and progress of all parts of the Province. One thing is almost certain, F. C. Cotton and Samuel Greer will be returned for the city. Their chances are brighter each day. Cotton's concise and careful analysis of the present and future necessities, and Mr. Samuel Greer's blunt, honest and manly bearing throughout the campaign, have won both hosts of friends and supporters. It will be a close run which heads the poll, but both are sure winners of the Provincial handicap.

DOT.

For San Francisco.

The City of Puebla, which sailed for San Francisco yesterday morning, took the following passengers: J. F. Roberts, Mrs. A. N. Taylor, Mrs. M. N. Hackett and child, Mrs. Wilson and Miss Swyney. She took as freight fifteen tons of hides and twenty tons of rice.

Tourists.

A party of prominent Chicagoans arrived in the city by the Islander on Saturday evening and spent Sunday in looking around the city, with which they were very much pleased. They left by the Princess Louise last evening for Westminster, where they take the train for the east.

Three Steamers Yesterday.

Three ocean steamers were lying at the outer dock yesterday, the regular steamer City of Puebla for San Francisco the Elder on the way from Alaska, and the City of Topeka, Capt. Wallace, on her way north. The latter had a full list of passengers, about three-fourths of whom were ladies. She also carried a full cargo. The Topeka arrived shortly after noon and proceeded north at 11 o'clock last night, the passengers spending the day in the city.

Struck With Blindness.

The bark Estella has arrived at Port Townsend from Gayaquil, with her master, Capt. Avery, totally blind, he having been stricken with loss of sight while at sea. The crew, taking advantage of his unfortunate condition, refused to do ship's work, and caused considerable trouble and much delay to the vessel, which was 108 days on her passage. Capt. Avery has gone to San Francisco to receive medical treatment for his eyes, the injury to which is not thought to be permanent.

From the North.

The steamer Barbara Boscowitz arrived from the north on Sunday with several passengers and a small freight consisting of box wood and potatoes. The trip was a very pleasant one as is the rule at this time of the year.

The canneries are all ready to start on the 15th inst., when the season opens. A few salmon are running at present. The Indians working at McLellan's cannery are out on strike, their wages having been reduced from 40 and 45 cents, the amounts received last year, to 35 and 40 cents. A number of them came down by the Boscowitz disgusted.

Politics is the topic at present the general feeling being that Cunningham will be elected.

You should secure a lot in Fernwood Beautiu, residential property, in the suburbs of the leading estate agents.

Contracts made for supplying families with ice at reasonable rates by the British Columbia Ice Co. Telephone call 81, office 22 Yates street. 7-3 1m

PLIANT

K

BOOTS

STACKS OF THEM AT MANSELL'S THE AGENT

95 Government street.

The Facts of the Case.

The Chief Justice has given his ruling in the case of Bryce, the commercial traveller, appealed from the police magistrate's court. His Lordship ruled against the tax of $10 against travellers on the ground that the city had no right to discriminate between wholesale houses by charging one a tax of $50 for every six months and another a tax of only $10 for every six months. If one was to be taxed so must the other. The rule *nisi* was made absolute without costs.

The effect of the decision, it is said will be that the by-law will have to be changed and the commercial travellers taxed $50 for every six months the same as the resident wholesale dealers of the city.

Aspinall's Enamel for renovating and beautifying everything (150 colors). No house should be without it. 50 cts. per tin. Adderley, 115 Government St.

Never Here Before.

Some of the most unique designs in spring cloth, for gentlemen's wear. New line of spring suitings, displayed for first time in Victoria by Campbell & Simpkins, the fashionable Government street Tailors.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—*U. S. Government Report, Aug. 17, 1889.*

AMUSEMENTS.

CATHEDRAL BAZAAR

The Ladies of the R. C. Congregation will hold a

GRAND BAZAAR,

Of useful and ornamental articles on the

18th and 19th of June

IN

PHILHARMONIC HALL,

For the benefit of the

Cathedral Building Fund.

Luncheon at 12 noon, at which all the delicacies of the season will be served at the low rate of 25 cents.

Refreshments, Strawberries and Ice Cream throughout the day.

Fan drill by the young ladies and swinging chorus by the children in the evening.

Admission 25 cents, children half price. jun3-td

NOTICE!

MONDAY, JUNE 9.

Pygmalion and Galatea,

AND

"WITHERED LEAVES,"

Will be re-produced for the benefit of the

ST. ANN'S ORPHANAGE.

The Box Plan will open THURSDAY, June 5th, at C. A. Lombard & Co.'s music store, Government street. jun3-td

ELECTION OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

VICTORIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

WILL BE HELD ON

Monday, the 16th day of June, 1890,

AT THE FOLLOWING PLACES:

FOR JAMES BAY WARD—At the old Rock and Ladder House, Government street.

FOR YATES STREET WARD—At Burnes Building, Bastion Square.

FOR JOHNSON STREET WARD—At the City Hall, commencing at 11 a. m.

In case a poll is demanded, voting will commence at 10 a. m., of the next day and close at 4 p. m. By order of Board of Trustees.

jun6-td R. WOLFENDEN, Sec'y.

BOARDING HOUSE QUAMICHAN.

Will be open to Visitors on and after 10th of May.

House beautifully situated, overlooking Cowichan Bay, within easy reach of Quamichan and Somenos Lakes, and of Cowichan River which affords excellent fishing.

Three miles from Duncan's Station where trains can be met by communicating with the Proprietor, Simeon Leather.

TERMS—Two to Three Dollars per Day.

Postal Address:

TSOUHAILIM, Quamichan, B. C.

my21-eod-dw-1m

Faber's Golden Female Pills.

For Female Irregularities, the most reliable pills on the market. Never fail. Successfully used by prominent ladies monthly. Guaranteed to relieve suppressed menstruation.

SAFE! CERTAIN!

Don't be humbugged. Save Time, Health, and money; take no other.

Sent to any address, square by mail on receipt of price, $1.00. Address,

THE APHRO MEDICINE COMPANY,

Western Branch, Box 27, PORTLAND, OR.

E. C. KELLOGG, Yates and Douglas streets, Sole Wholesale Agent for Victoria. apl19-eod

SEE OUR SPRING STOCK OF SHOES.

Profuse in Novelties. Great in Assortment.

Variegated in Colors. To suit the most fastidious.

Unapproachable in Prices.

UNQUESTIONABLY THE FINEST LINE EVER SHELVED IN A FIRST-CLASS BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

EXAMINE THEM.

H. MANSELL, No. 95 Gov't St.

Remember that every dollar spent with us get the most a dollar can buy.

BOOTS AND SHOES MADE TO ORDER IN EVERY STYLE. REPAIRING ON SHORT NOTICE.

Richardson, Heathorn & Jones

MANUFACTURERS' AND IMPORTERS' AGENTS,

Representing the Following Firms:

WILSON, MATHESON & CO., Glasgow, Scotland.	Manufactures of Umbrellas, Rubber Goods, and a general line of Gent's Furnishing goods. Trunks and Valises a specialty with this house.
STEPHENSON & BEVERAGE, Kirkaldy, Scotland.	Manufacturers of Linoleums and Floor Oil Cloths, also Squares any size or design with borders to match.
THE ROSEMOUNT COMB MFG. CO., Ltd., Aberdeen, Scotland.	Having secured the complete range of this renowned house, we, for the first time place their goods on the Canadian market.
GILBERT LINING MANUFACTUR'G CO. New York.	We carry a complete line of samples from this celebrated maker, including Dressmaker's linings and Tailor's trimmings.

JOHN GRAY & CO., Glasgow and London, Wholesale Confectioners and Preserve Makers.

We have already received a complete range of new fall Neckwear, Gent's Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, Hosiery, Gloves, etc. Also a consignment of the latest novelties in Jewelry, both solid and plated.

All orders will receive our prompt attention. Our representatives will be out with full samples at an early date, and trust they will be favored with a share of your patronage. Yours respectfully,

RICHARDSON, HEATHORN & JONES,

my18dw-tf 42 YATES STREET, VICTORIA.

G. C. Sauer & Co.

SOLE AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA OF THE RENOWNED

Lowenbrau Beer,

Imported direct from Munich, Bavaria.

FALK'S CELEBRATED

MILWAUKEE LAGER BEER

in Kegs or Bottles with Patent Stoppers.

Schmidt & Co.'s Sarsaparella & Iron

EUROPEAN AND CALIFORNIA WINES A SPECIALTY.

We carry a large stock of Cognacs, Brandies, Gins, Scotch, Irish, Bourbon and Rye Whiskies, Cordials and Mineral Waters, Imported and Domestic Cigars.

51 WHARF STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

Telephone Call 494. My17

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Dominion Illustrated Weekly

$4.00 per Year in Advance.

In course of preparation

SPECIAL NUMBER OF VICTORIA

Depicting the

Arrival of the Duke of Connaught,

The Regatta and the places of Interest in the City.

my23-tf

A CARD OF THANKS.

ON BEHALF OF THE COMMITTEE OF the P. O. Home the treasurer thankfully acknowledges the receipt from Prof. Addorff of $150.00 net proceeds of entertainment "Pygmalion and Galatea."

J. HUTCHESON, Treasurer.

Victoria, B. C., June 4, 1890. junw

JAPANESE BAZAAR,

41 FORT ST., VICTORIA.

PER S. S. ABYSSINIA:

Tea Sets, Blackwood Brackets and Cabinets, Chinese chairs and other Gongs, Rice, Bead and Bamboo Blinds, Cotton and Hemp Carpets, Fire Tables.

Stock removed from Government St. still selling very cheap.

MARCHANT, FUTCHER & CO.

NEW GOODS FOR SPRING.

BABY CARRIAGES: a beautiful line just opened.

LANCASTER WINDOW SHADING: Some new patterns.

CARPETS, : LINOLEUMS, : CURTAIN : POLES, : WALLPAPER,

And Antique Furnishings constantly arriving.

LINCRUSTA WALTON,

The most popular of all wall decorations. Also

Largest Stock of Furniture of all kinds, Crockery, Glassware, Lamps and general House Furnishing Goods, in the Province, at

JOHN WEILER'S

Showrooms, 51 to 55 Fort St. - - - Factory, Humbolt St.

WM. ECKERT,

The Cash Grocer's Quotations:

Flour, per bbl		$5 25	
Oatmeal, Rolled	18 lbs. for	1 00	
" Scotch	10 " "	45	
Corn Meal	10 " "	35	
Sago and Tapioca	12 " "	1 00	
Rice	20 " "	1 00	
Peas, Green or Split	12 " "	1 00	
Beans, White or Brown	20 " "	1 00	
Currants (new)	10 " "	1 00	
Raisins, Valencia (new)	10 " "	1 00	
Prunes	from 6 to 12 " "	1 00	
Apples, Dried (new)	from 8 to 9 " "	1 00	
Peaches " "	6 " "	1 00	
Apricots " "	6 " "	1 00	
Peaches, 3 to 4 tins, new		30	
Apricots, 3 tins, new		30	
Pine Apples, 3 tins, new		30	
Corn " "		1 00	
Butter, Fresh Grass Roll, per roll		35	
Tomatoes, 6 tins new		$ 50	
Peas, 6 tins, new		50	
Jams and Jellies, 3 lb. tins		50	
Pie Fruit, Assorted, gallon tins		1 50	
Mince Meat, Superior, 3 lb. tins		50	
Sugar, Light Brown, 14 lbs		1 00	
Sugar, House Drips, per gallon		50	
Vinegar, Malt "		50	
Vinegar, White Wine "		65	
Butter, Creamery 30 cts per lb 3 lbs for		90	
Ham, Fidelity		15	
Bacon, 16 cts per lb, or 7 lbs for		1 00	
Coal Oil, Pearl per tin		75	
Tobacco, Smoking, 5 plugs		1 00	
Eggs, Island 30 per doz. Imported		30	
Coffee, Victoria Blend		25	
" Mocha, Java and Ceylon		35	
Tea, 3 lbs 25M for		1 00	
Granulated Sugar, 12 lbs for		1 00	

Remember the place, 173—Government street, corner Herald—173

my15-2m-dw

NELSON ISLAND GRANITE CO.

(LIMITED.)

The company is now prepared to fill all orders promptly, of the best Granite, and at the lowest possible prices.

This Granite is perfectly free from all iron rust, black knots and other imperfections. Samples furnished on application, and prices quoted. For further particulars apply to

R. L. FOX, 27 Yesler Way, Seattle. EDWD. J. THAIN, Secretary, P. O. Box 1,311K, Seattle. P. O. Box 654, Victoria, B.C. m29-6m

DE VEULLE & CRUICKSHANK

Real Estate, Insurance Brokers and Accountants.

Money to Loan, Rents Collected and a General Brokerage Business Transacted.

At NO. 12 BURNS' BLOCK

BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE, REAL ESTATE BROKERS.

VICTORIA CITY ELECTION

The Opposition Candidates,

ROBERT BEAVEN,
JOHN GRANT,
GEORGE L. MILNE,
FRANK G. RICHARDS, Jr.

Thermometer at Kellogg's.
Average temperature to-day.....71°

Arrived.

Curling tongs and lamps, ladies penknives, scissors, etc. and a full line of shaving materials at M. & H. A. Fox's, 78 Government street.

High Mass.

The Oblate Fathers, who are on their way to Scheit, celebrated high mass at St. Andrew's pro-cathedral yesterday. The Fathers went on their way this morning and will assist at the great Indian gathering at Scheit.

To-Night's Performance.

The repetition of the beautiful performance of Pygmalion and Galatea by the local amateur company takes place this evening in the Victoria theatre. This time it is in aid of the orphans of St. Ann's and should attract a full house.

H. M. S. Amphion.

By the order of Capt. Hulton it is announced that H. M. S. Amphion is closed to visitors. It is expected now that she will come out of the dock on the 20th instant. Water was let into the dock on Saturday last and a preliminary test made. She was found to be fairly satisfactory.

Death's Hand.

Christopher G. Quick, who arrived here from New Zealand a few months ago with his family, died at his residence, 65 Pandora street, on Sunday June 8th. The deceased, who was a native of England, has been a constant sufferer for some time past. He leaves a wife and two sons to mourn the death of a loving husband and father.

Cool's Labor.

This morning when the white men who have been engaged on the site of the Canada Western Hotel for the contractor came to work they found that Chinamen had been substituted for most of them. Altogether 19 white men were replaced by coolies for the sake of the small difference in the amount of wages. It is some time now since Chinamen have been seen working around Victoria and it seems a shame that the old custom of employing them should be revived.

The Origin of Popular Airs.

One of the ablest and brightest of Cincinnati's amateur musicians writes the Enquirer asking: "Do you know that the air to 'Down Went McGinty' is a plagiarism of the prayer in 'Der Freischutz'?" Of course we know it. We also know that the very popular "Bye Baby" in the song entitled "Good-by, My Lover, Good-by," was boldly stolen from Maritana." We further know that half the popular melodies have like origins. But, so long as the people like and accept them, what are you going to do about it?

The Single Tax Question.

Believing in the theory that it is morally wrong though legally right to own land, we have abstained from purchasing or owning any more dirt than we can conveniently carry about our persons. But although we do not own real estate we do own some of the finest tweeds and cloths in the Province, and we will make you a pair of splendid fitting pants for four dollars. Give us a call and we will discuss the Single tax question with you either before or after the elections. Russell, McDonald & Co., opposite the Iron Church, Douglas street.

Ontario Elections.

The Equal Righter's held a meeting at Toronto, after they had received the news of the defeat of their two candidates; they congratulated themselves on the very respectable vote polled, and claimed that their infant party had done the work of an old party, and decided to work vigorously and fight in the Dominion elections.

The Toronto Globe says that the result of the elections is a complete and overwhelming triumph of the Mowat Government. If the Liberals had but held their own, considering the greatness of their majority in the last Parliament, a great work would have been achieved, but they had more than held their own. The returns received, which are almost complete, indicate a majority of 26 for the Administration.

Bank of B. C. Officials.

H. Hughes, of the Bank of British Columbia at the head office, London, arrived on Saturday on a visit to the heads of the branch here.

T. G. Gillespie of London, one of the directors of the Bank of British Columbia and also a director of the Bank of Montreal arrived in company with Mr. Hughes. Mr. Gillespie is an uncle of the assistant manager of the branch of the Bank of B. C. in this city.

Col. Anderson, Nottinghamshire regiment (58th) is a member of the same party. He is truly head and shoulders above his fellows. His great height, which is fully 6 feet 6 inches makes him a very noticeable figure on the streets. He has seen considerable active service.

O. Bottomley, of Hong Kong, is also a member of the party.

Ask your grocer for a box of Pendrayers Soap. [illegible]

Merchants Luncheon.

From 11:30 until 2 o'clock and Lowenbrau at the Bank Exchange. *

Arrived.

Bass XXXX Ale (Lamb's Wool) at the Occidental Hotel bar. *

Ice Cream made to order and delivered to all parts of the city. Telephone No. 161. New England Bakery, Young Bros., No. 118 and 118 Government street. *

SCHOOL BOARD MEETING.

Annual Report of the Trustees Presented—Important Matters Touched Upon.

The late public discussion in school matters has evidently awakened a lively interest, as the school meeting to-day to submit the annual report of the board was quite largely attended, at 11 o'clock this morning at the City Hall.

The chairman of the board, Mr. Chas. Hayward, in calling the meeting to order, explained the object of the meeting, and the secretary, Col. Wolfenden, after reading the minutes of the last annual meeting, which were adopted, read the report for the past year as follows:

To the Electors of Victoria City School District:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.—Your Trustees have the honor to present their Annual Report as required by the Public School Act, and it is a pleasing duty to state that the schools are in a very satisfactory condition.

The greatest number of pupils attending the schools in any one month during the present school year was 1,405, the average daily attendance being 1,108.40, a daily average of 71.60 greater than in any previous year. These figures embrace the period from 1st August, 1889, to 31st May, 1890, it being impossible to include the returns for the present month owing to the statute requiring the annual meeting to be held on the second Monday in June of each year. Your Trustees would respectfully recommend the Legislature at its next session, to amend the School Act so that the annual meeting and the nomination of school trustees can be held on the same day in the month of July in each year, when full returns for the school year could be given in the annual report.

During the midsummer holidays of last year commodious additions were made to the four ward schools, in order to accommodate the large increase in the number of pupils, and a monitor appointed to each of these highly appreciated schools. A neat cottage was also built for the janitor of the Central Schools, and the whole of the school buildings painted and put in thorough repair.

The Board during the last session of the legislature, succeeded in obtaining appropriations for heating the Central Schools by steam; for the purchase of new desks where necessary; for an increase of the salaries of the monitors employed in the ward schools; for an additional teacher in the girls' department of the Central schools, and for the erection of new sheds for the assembling of the pupils; and it is intended to furnish one of these sheds with the necessary apparatus for a gymnasium with the funds provided by the excellent entertainment given by the teachers and pupils last winter.

The following teachers have retired since last report, viz: Mr. R. Offerhans, Mr. D. E. Ker, Miss Gowen, Miss Storey, Miss Wolfenden, Miss Todd, and Miss Pollard, and the following new appointments made: Mr. J. F. Smith, as first assistant, and Mr. S. B. Netherby as second assistant, High School; Miss Arrowsmith to Hillside ward school, Miss M. Williams to third division Girls, Miss Sylvester to the fifth division Boys, Miss Bradley to 6th division Boys, Miss Pickard to seventh division Boys, and Miss Fraser to 8th division Boys; and the following Monitors were appointed to the ward schools, viz: Miss Lorimer, James Bay; Miss Withrow, Hillside; Miss Kermode, Rock Bay; and Miss Fawcett, Spring Ridge. The following teachers were promoted during the past year: Miss Cameron, Miss Barron, Miss Keast, Miss Carmichael, Miss Robinson and Miss Munro.

Your trustees, at the beginning of the school year, deemed it advisable to transfer the principals of the ward schools, and they have reason to believe that this step has borne beneficial results.

It is with regret that the Board has to draw attention to the uncalled and highly misleading statements lately appearing in the public press, reflecting upon the discipline maintained in our schools. Such attacks are calculated to do great injury and to convey a false impression, especially to strangers, who are unacquainted with our excellent school system. As in duty bound the trustees have duly considered all complaints reported to them, and can confidently assert that the exaggerated statements referred to were wholly unjustified.

The following is a summary of the expenditure for the past year, exclusive of that incurred by the Lands and Works Department:

Teachers' salaries	$ 19,620 00
Janitors	1,250 00
Coal and wood	376 40
Incidental expenses (approximate)	569 05
Total	$ 21,815 45

Your trustees venture to hope that the Mayor of Victoria will be able to take his seat as chairman of the board.

The retiring trustees are: R. Wolfenden, James Bay ward; Dr. R. Morrison, Yates Street ward; and H. F. Heisterman, Johnson Street ward, whose successors you will be called upon to elect on Monday the 16th instant.

In conclusion the board feel justified in reporting that the public schools of the city are yearly becoming more and more efficient, and they trust that their efforts to promote the cause of education will meet with your approbation.

CHAS. HAYWARD,
Acting Chairman.
H. F. HEISTERMAN,
RICHARD MORRISON,
RICHARD HALL,
ROBERT ERSKINE,
R. WOLFENDEN,
Secretary.

Mr. Munro Miller moved the adoption of the report, seconded by Mr. Stamford.

Mr. J. N. Muir rose to say that he thought there should be a clause inserted in the report censuring the return of false reports by the trustees for the Superintendent of Education.

Mr. H. Lawson said the meeting was not to deal with the Superintendent of Education but with the annual report of the board of trustees.

Mr. Muir insisted that the board of trustees were responsible for the report, which was not correct.

The Secretary, Col. Wolfenden, interrupted to say that Mr. Muir's remarks were entirely out of order, as he Mr. Muir, could not substantiate his assertions that the report was in any way false.

Mr. Miller said that no political issue should be discussed at this meeting and that the remarks of Mr. Muir were uncalled for.

Mr. Muir wished to have the report amended by the addition of a clause requesting the board to see to it that true returns are made by the Superintendant of Education. (Cries of question.)

Mr. Bland said that that portion of the report which stated that the reports in the public press of ill-treatment in the public schools, was not correct was wrong, as it was well known that scholars had been ill-treated. He showed the instrument of torture, a well-developed rawhide, which, as he said, had been used too much.

Mr. Alex. Wilson said that it was quite refreshing to see so lively an interest in school matters had obtained. He referred to the ensemble of the board, which he stigmatized as far from perfect, particularly mentioning Col. Wolfenden, who, the speaker submitted had no right, as a public servant, to be the secretary of the board. The allusion in the report to the press, was also wrong, as the scholars had been ill-treated, and a gentleman had preferred charges, which Mr. Wilson felt sure would never be investigated. He reviewed an inquiry in the past which had not been conducted properly, and if public peace was to be maintained, he did not believe in wrongful administration of punishments. He stigmatized the present school board as a wishy-washy body of men, who were ruled by and in the interests of the present Government whose benign influence and gracious benevolence was so much belauded by the board. He was glad to see that a move had been made in the matter of education, and trusted that the fathers and mothers would see to it that a change was made both in sneaking teachers and whining trustees. No trustee should be elected who was not the head of a family. He was surprised that no allusion was made to the iniquitous school tax imposed by the Government on the city, and hoped that the meeting would protest against it.

Rev. P. McF. Macleod asked if it was not the law that all cases of corporal punishment should be recorded.

He was informed that it was.

The reverend gentleman then asked why it did not appear in the report.

The chairman replied that it had appeared in last report, but had been overlooked this year.

Mr. Macleod asked if there had been any cases of withdrawal of children from the schools by reason of punishments.

The secretary knew of no such cases officially.

Mr. H. Lawson asked if it was true that the scholars were cowed into submission by the use of the rawhide. For his part he could not believe it to be so, but would like to ask.

He was informed by the secretary that it could not be so, as during the last few years only six cases of complaints had been put before the board. It was hardly possible for teachers to control a large body of scholars without occasional whippings.

Mr. Burkholder said it had and could be done.

Mr. Bond thought that if parents attended more to the home education of their children, less trouble would be caused.

Mr. Bland spoke strongly against the use of the whip, and reviewed the late incident occurring when his son was unmercifully beaten.

Mr. Muir rose to ask why six weeks of the pupils' time was wasted every year if the daily marking system was perfect.

The chairman said the board had no power to deal with the matter.

Mr. Muir replied that the board had nothing to do with anything, but were merely puppets in the hands of the Government whose will the trustees dare not oppose.

Rev. Donald Fraser rose to object against that part of the report censuring the press, as he considered that the matters discussed were of public import. He would move in amendment that that part of the report be left out.

Mr. Burkholder, in seconding, said that he felt the publicity given to such matters was just what was needed, as it was high time that a stop was made in the free use of the rawhide which was driving scholars into the private schools. Some restriction should be placed on the inhuman treatment of scholars by teachers.

Mr. Lawson, while not thinking that the press had been untrue, was sure that the treatment of scholars had not been cruel. He believed in whipping, and thought it quite right to use the rod.

The secretary did not think it wise that the section referred to should be expunged, as the reports published were incorrect. It had, in his opinion, been a mistake on the part of Rev. Mr. Macleod to preach the sermon he did, without consulting the Board and making enquiries as to the truth of the assertions made.

Rev. Mr Macleod had no desire to stir up strife, but he had a great desire to see the law carried out by the trustees, and would like to see all cases of corporal punishment recorded. He had no grievance with any of the teachers, but had a grievance with the [illegible] in calling attention to the matter in his sermon was to have the trouble removed, as the constant use of the rod had a bad effect. He thought that punishments should only be administered by the principal, and that in private, so that the self respect of the scholars should not be destroyed by public and excessive punishments. He thought it would be in the interests of the school board if the clause referred to were struck out.

Mr. Wilson said he thought if the board wanted the clause in the report, why let it stay. The newspapers were on the alert, and but for them the meeting would not have been half so well attended. The report should go as it is, and it would show the character of the board. He thought that those teachers who could not command the respect of the pupils should be gotten rid of.

Mr. Walker was in favor of upholding the action of the trustees.

Rev. Mr. Fraser thought the clause should read so that the press itself should not be blamed, but that those communications dealing with the matter should be condemned.

Mr. Erskine rose to say that Rev. Macleod had implied by his remarks that the teachers of Victoria were falsifiers.

Mr. Muir—And so they are. They are compelled by the Superintendant of Education to be so.

Mr. Kinsman referred to an incident where a teacher had denied a fact and then, when threatened with police court proceedings, had admitted it.

On being put to the vote the report was adopted. No more business being before the meeting it adjourned at one o'clock p. m.

SUNDAY CONFLAGRATIONS.

Two Fires Within Twenty-Four Hours—Statement of Losses.

About 3 o'clock Sunday morning Police Officer Carter noticed flames issuing from the dry house at Sehl's factory, Laurel Point, and he at once rung in an alarm from box 5, corner of Kingston and Montreal streets. The departments made good time in response to the call, and although the material the fire had to work on was dry as tinder, succeeded in a remarkably short time in getting it under control. Fortunately a brick wall divided the dryhouse from the main mill and the fire was kept from spreading, although it crept through a hole where some steam pipes pass, and gained a slight hold. The fire originated from the boiler house which is just below the dry house. The damage is probably not over $250, and is covered by insurance in the Phœnix. Steamer John Grant and the Tiger hose company were first on the scene, and the water got so promptly on the blaze was very effective in checking a serious conflagration.

SUNDAY NIGHT'S BLAZE.

A few minutes before 10 o'clock last night a fire was discovered in the rear of the brick block corner Government and Fort streets, and an alarm turned in from box 64 by Mr. Wm. Croft of the Brown Jug saloon. The flames at that time were bursting out of a window in the upper story, the fire evidently having been some time under way before it was noticed. The department got out in a hurry after the alarm, and Tiger company had a hydrant stream on inside of four minutes from the time the alarm was turned in. This was almost immediately supplemented by seven other engine and hydrant streams and by dint of hard work the fire was kept from spreading to the adjoining buildings. The flames, however, licked through the upper part of the building pretty extensively, a large skylight making the building a regular flue.

There are two roofs on part of the building, an old one of wood and a new tin one some three feet above it. Between these two the fire had a nice picnic, and caused considerable trouble, it being necessary to flood it out with much water, which in turn did considerable damage to the stores and offices beneath. The upper story was vacant excepting three rooms occupied by Dr. W. J. Quinlan. These were not damaged by fire but got a severe soaking by water.

Mr. Geo. Morrison's drug store was flooded out and considerable loss will result. A stock valued at $15,000 was carried, with an insurance of $5,000.

Flint & Williams' real estate office was damaged to the extent of $250, no insurance.

Mr. P. T. Johnston's seed store was injured by water, a loss of $200 to the stock being estimated. No insurance.

Mr. Henry Short's stock of guns and sporting goods was badly wetted. A policy of $2,500 on a $20,000 stock was carried.

The building was owned by H. C. Beeton, Esq., and has been damaged to the extent of about $1000, which is covered by insurance.

One of the firemen of No. 2 company, Mr. W. Smith, was made very ill by inhaling smoke and hot air, and had to be taken to his home where he received medical attendance. He was unconscious for a time, but is now rapidly recovering.

The curious crowd which always gathers in such cases, made itself scarce when it was reported that several kegs of powder in Short's store were in danger of blowing up.

Considerable assistance was rendered by the police, who worked hard to save such property as could be got out of the lower storey.

The recently invented spray nozzle of the Chief's did good service between the roofs of the building, and its utility was practically demonstrated.

Considering the fact that the fire had gained so great a headway before it was discovered, the department did good work in keeping it under so well.

Special Card.

As the public have so generously contributed to the success of my great reduction sale, I am induced to continue it for one month longer on the same terms. Here are the most liberal prices ever offered in British Columbia or elsewhere: $10 pants for $7, $12 pants for $8, $14 pants for $10, $18 pants for $12, $20 suits for $25, $35 suits for $20, [illegible] a perfect fit or no sale. J. McCallum, "The famous Californian Tailor," 42 Fort street, Victoria, B. C. Prompt and careful attention to letter orders. Samples mailed. my29-1m

Take your spring suits to John T. Pierre to be cleaned and repaired. He makes it a specialty. 98 Yates St. *

Baby carriages of latest styles just received by John Weller, 34 to 38 Fort street. *

DIED.

QUICK—In this city, on the 8th inst., Christopher George Quick, the beloved husband of Rebecca Quick, a native of England.

The funeral will take place on Tuesday at 2 p. m., from the residence, 65 Pandora Avenue.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR THE NORTH.

The Steamer

BARBARA BOSCOWITZ

Will sail for the North on

WEDNESDAY 11th. inst., 7 p. m.

From Janion's wharf for Fort Simpson and way ports.

For freight or passage apply to

CAPT. J. B. WARREN,
Government street.

my3

GORGE FERRY.

STERNWHEEL STEAMER

FLORENCE,

Will positively make regular trips to and from the Gorge on Sundays, leaving Rithet's wharf, foot of Johnson street, at 2, 4, and 6.30 p. m. Will leave the Gorge at 2, 5, and 8:30 p.m during the summer months. Fare 25 cents.

June9-1m

FOR SALE OR CHARTER.

THE

Steamer Georgie.

Apply at Match Factory, Rock Bay, or address P. O. Box 141.

THOS. HENDRY.

jeb-tw

PORT CRESCENT ROUTE.

Steamer

FERNDALE,

A. O. BENJAMIN, Master.

Leaves SEATTLE Sundays and Wednesdays at 9 a. m.

Leaves PORT TOWNSEND daily except Tuesdays and Saturdays, at 9:15 a. m., arriving at Port Crescent at 2 p. m. Returning, leaves Port Crescent at 4 p. m., same day, arriving at Port Townsend at 9 p. m.

Leaves PORT TOWNSEND for SEATTLE on Mondays and Fridays at 10 p. m.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to C. L. Fox, Agent, Seattle. jn9

OPPOSITION MEETING

PHILHARMONIC HALL

The Opposition Candidates

BEAVEN,
GRANT,
MILNE,
RICHARDS,

Will fire the last shot in the Philharmonic Hall,

Commencing at 8 o'clock p.m. on the 12th inst.

The electors are specially invited to be present. jeb-1d

POLITICAL MEETING.

Mr. Charles Wilson respectfully invites the electors of this city to meet him at the

Victoria Theatre on Tuesday Evening, the 10th inst.

when he will address them in explanation of his views on political matters.

Chair will be taken at 8 p. m., sharp.

All other candidates are invited to take seats on the platform. jn7-6d

CALEDONIAN GROUNDS.

Wednesday, June 11th.

League Game Baseball

PORTLAND vs. TACOMA.

ADMISSION, 50 CENTS.

jn7-3t

VICTORIA THEATRE.

ONE NIGHT ONLY

THURSDAY, JUNE 12th.

Engagement of the renowned

MIND READER

CARL B. KING.

Magician of the present century.

Together with the famous young pianist,

ALVAH CLOVER SALMON,

In an entertainment Auspicious, Miraculous, Beautiful, Wonderful.

Thoughts read by action.
Hidden articles disclosed.
The famous wire test.

Prices as usual. Reserved seats on sale at Wilson's Book Store. jn7-4t

NO ACCOUNT MERCHANTS!

We are called, and we rejoice in the title; we are No Account Merchants, because we do

A No Account Business;

Or, in other words, we save ourselves trouble and our customers money by doing business

STRICTLY FOR CASH.

Reducing our expenses to the minimum, taking no chances of loss, and turning money over quickly, we are able to

MAKE LOWEST PRICES

on all goods. We point to our prices in proof of our statements, and invite the attention of

NO ACCOUNT CUSTOMERS.

to the advantages offered by a strictly one price, cash system. Our goods are of the best.

Our Stock is Large

and buyers will find each line we carry representative of the best in the markets.

MEN'S, YOUTHS' AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

Hats, Shirts, Ties, &c.

MECHANICS' Cash Clothing Store

55 Johnson Street.

W. G. CAMERON

ELECTION CARDS.

TO THE ELECTORS

OF THE

City of Victoria.

GENTLEMEN:

I am a candidate for the representation of the City of Victoria in the Legislative Assembly, as an independent supporter of the present Government, and I respectfully ask for your votes at the general election.

Faithfully yours,

CHARLES WILSON.

Victoria, 10th May, 1890. my10

TO THE ELECTORS

OF

Victoria City.

GENTLEMEN:

Having been selected by those opposed to the present local government as one of four to contest the ensuing general election in their interest, I beg to announce myself as a Candidate at the forthcoming election in opposition to the government, and trust you may favor me with your votes and support.

I shall shortly take the opportunity of placing my views on public matters before you.

Yours respectfully,

F. G. RICHARDS, Jr.

Victoria, B. C., May 12th, 1890. my19-1m

TO THE ELECTORS

OF

Victoria City.

GENTLEMEN:

Having been solicited to stand as a candidate at the approaching Election for the Local Legislature, I have consented to do so, and solicit your vote and support.

I hope to have the pleasure of addressing you at as early a date as possible, when I shall place my views before you.

Yours respectfully,

G. L. MILNE.

my13

TO THE ELECTORS

OF

Esquimalt District.

GENTLEMEN:

At the earnest solicitation of numerous friends I have decided to offer myself as a candidate to represent your District in the Legislative Assembly and respectfully solicit your votes and influence.

At an early date I shall [illegible] in order to enable me to place my views before you upon the political issues.

R. HELGESEN.

my19

QUEEN CITY

Building, Loan & Savings Association.

LIMITED LIABILITY.

INCORPORATED MAY 6, 1890.

The second annual meeting of the members will be held in Odd Fellows' Hall, Fort street, on [illegible] at 8 p. m., on Wednesday, the 18th instant, for the purpose of electing a board of directors and officers for the ensuing year.

D. WILLIAMS,
Sec. pro tem.

jeb-4d

Merchants Luncheon.

From 11:30 until 2 o'clock and Lowenbrau at the Bank Exchange. *

Arrived.

Bass XXXX Ale (Lamb's Wool) at the Occidental Hotel bar. *

Ice Cream made to order and delivered to all parts of the city. Telephone No. 161. New England Bakery, Young Bros., No. 118 and 118 Government street. *